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HN: The Memoirs of Richard Nixon

Nixon Relates Watergate Role, Explains His Tapes Decision

By John Herbers
NEW YORK, May 1 (NYT)—Former President Richard Nixon says in his memoirs that he did not destroy the tape-recorded conversations that led to his resignation from office because he suspected that some of his aides might turn against him and "the tapes would give me at least some protection."

Why Mr. Nixon did not destroy the tapes that were so damaging to his cause has been one of the continuing mysteries of the

Controversy Surrounds Ex-President's Memoirs

By Herbert Mitgang
NEW YORK, May 1 (NYT)—"It's history," said Harold Roth, president of Grosset & Dunlap, the publisher of "RN: The Memoirs of Richard Nixon."

"You don't have to buy the book, but shouldn't the guy have a right to be heard?"

Esther and Sidney Kramer, the proprietors of The Remarkable Book Shop in Westport, Conn., have a different point of view: "Not one copy will be ordered or



Watergate scandal. He was under no obligation to make the recordings and he was free to do with them as he wished until they were subpoenaed by the courts and prosecutors.

In his memoirs, Mr. Nixon admits that he was a participant in the Watergate cover-up and that he misled the American people about his role in it, but he remains true to the theme that he sounded consistently in the past—that he committed no crime or misdemeanor that would warrant impeachment, but was driven from office by overpowering political forces.

"I felt sure that it was just a public relations problem that only needed a public relations solution," Mr. Nixon wrote of his feelings when public suspicions persisted for months after he and his assistants secretly sought to stop the investigation of the bugging and burglary of the Democratic headquarters in the Watergate office and apartment complex in 1972.

Last Sept. 3, in a televised interview with David Frost, Mr. Nixon spoke at length on the question of why he kept evidence that caused most members of Congress to turn against him and sent several of his top assistants to prison.

He said that he did not believe the tapes would ever become public and, if he had destroyed them, it would have appeared that he was trying to hide something.

But in his 400,000-word book, "RN: The Memoirs of Richard Nixon," to be published May 15 by Grosset & Dunlap, the former president gives a different reason, one that is more in keeping with the dark suspicions he held toward many people in power in those days.

The existence of the tapes was disclosed on July 16, 1973, before the Senate Watergate committee by Alexander Butterfield, Mr. Nixon's appointments secretary, while Mr. Nixon was in Bethesda Naval Hospital recovering from viral pneumonia.

Shocked by News
Mr. Nixon wrote that he was shocked by the news that the committee had learned about the tapes. According to H.R. Haldeman, the White House chief of staff, the tapes were secretly installed for the president's use "for references when visitors ranging from foreign statesmen

Carter Pledges Support

Begin Is Optimistic Over Mideast Talks

By Robert Siner
WASHINGTON, May 1 (AP)—Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin expressed optimism over the chances that the stalled Middle East peace talks could resume in the near future after a two-hour meeting today with Secretary of State Cyrus Vance.

Mr. Begin spoke with reporters before he met with President Carter and attended a White House reception honoring the 30th anniversary of the State of Israel.

At the ceremony, which was attended by about 500 Jewish leaders, Mr. Carter declared unwavering U.S. commitment to Israel's security, "not for 30 years, but forever."

In response, Mr. Begin called Mr. Carter's promise "one of the greatest moral statements ever."

Before the anniversary reception, Mr. Begin met privately with the President for about 30 minutes following his earlier session with Mr. Vance. He said that the focus of the sessions was the continuing effort to overcome the obstacles that deadlocked the talks between Israel and Egypt three months ago.

"We do believe and hope that in the near future there will be a measure of agreement which will make possible the peacemaking process to continue," he said, after his meeting with Mr. Vance.

He described his meeting with Mr. Vance as very friendly, adding that "we agreed to differ" on the Carter administration's controversial plan to sell warplanes to Israel, Egypt and Saudi Arabia.

Mr. Begin arrived at Andrews Air Force Base this morning, where he expressed hope that "the peacemaking process will continue so that we can achieve real peace in the Middle East."

He was greeted by Mr. Vance, who reiterated U.S. support for Israel, which he called "a commitment on which Israel can depend."

President Carter has invited about 1,200 Jewish leaders to the White House to attend the anniversary ceremony. He will meet with Mr. Begin before and after the reception.

Dayan, Vance Clash
Although Mr. Begin played down the controversy over the administration's arms sale package, Israel has bitterly opposed the deal. Yesterday, Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan and Mr. Vance clashed in separate televised interviews.

Mr. Dayan warned that the United States "would be walking in the Russian shoes in the Middle East," preparing the Arab countries for the next war against Israel by supplying them with American warplanes.

Mr. Vance called the sales "an important part of the search for peace in the Middle East," because they meet the needs, the requirements for each one of these countries.

The \$4.8-billion package which includes 75 F-16s and 15 F-15s for Israel, 60 F-15s for Saudi Arabia and 50 F-15s for Egypt, was formally sent to Congress on Friday. Congress has until May 28 to act.

Last of 3-Part Trade

Soviet Spy Swapped For College Student

BERLIN, May 1 (UPI)—The Soviet States traded a convicted Soviet spy today for a U.S. college student who tried to help a physician and his family escape from East Germany.

Initiators of the barter hope that will lead to Moscow's release of wish dissident Anatoli Shcharanov, who is accused of being a CIA agent. Washington has denied the accusation.

Alan van Norman, 22, of Winnetka, Minn., has spent nine months in East German prisons. He told reporters that he learned only early that he was being released.

The East Germans traded Mr. Norman for Robert Thompson, sentenced by a U.S. court in 1965 to 30 years in prison for spying for the Soviet Union. He had become eligible for parole.

More Trades Seen
Israeli parliament member Samy Flato-Sharon, who initiated a exchange by contacting East German lawyer Wolfgang Vogel, said a few days ago that other prisoner trades will follow as a result of this successful exchange. He refused to give details.

But informed sources said that hopes that the exchanges that began with the release by Mozambique—under East German pressure—of an Israeli civilian pilot 10 days ago, eventually will lead to the release of Mr. Shcharanov.

The U.S. Parole Commission released Thompson yesterday after Mr. Vogel flew to the United States for a final session with various government officials and with Rep. Benjamin Gilman, R-N.Y., who earlier had gone to Mozambique to take delivery of the Israeli pilot, whose release began the exchanges.

While Thompson, Mr. Vogel and Shabtai Kalmanowitz, an aide to Mr. Flato-Sharon, were still en route to Berlin, the East Germans awoke Mr. van Norman this morning, told him to dress in a civilian suit and turned him over to a person driving a U.S. State Department car.

The car took him to an East Berlin parking lot, where he was told to get into another car driven by a woman who turned out to be Mr. Vogel's wife. She drove him through a Communist checkpoint into West Berlin and on to the U.S. Mission. Later, she drove her husband and Thompson back to East Berlin.

Mr. van Norman had tears in his eyes when he met with newsmen.



Alan van Norman

He said that he had been making a European tour when "I was contacted by someone in England" who asked him to help a physician and his family leave East Germany.

"But it was not a question of money," Mr. van Norman said. "I never received a thing. There was only one other person involved with me. We did it because of the danger this doctor was in."

When Thompson was released from prison yesterday, he said, "it's great to be out, really great. The whole world has changed. No, I'm not bitter. I'm happy just to be out here."

Deadline of Few Hours Set

New Moro Ultimatum Is Issued

ROME, May 1 (AP)—Aldo Moro's family has received a new ultimatum setting a deadline of a few hours for the ruling Christian Democratic party to open negotiations with his kidnappers in order to save his life, a Rome newspaper reported today.

It Tempso said that the ultimatum was delivered yesterday in a telephone call to the former premier's son, Giovanni. The family believes that it was an authentic message from the Red Brigades who are holding Mr. Moro, the newspaper said.

It was this threatening call that caused the family to issue a statement last night bitterly attacking party leaders for refusing to deal with the kidnappers, Il Tempo said.

The statement said that the Christian Democratic leadership's "immobility and refusal of all initiatives really the death sentence" which the Red Brigades have ordered for Mr. Moro, 61, a five-time premier and current president of the Christian Democratic party.

Meeting Set
Christian Democratic leaders were to meet later today to discuss the latest developments, but there was no indication that Premier Giovanni Andreotti and other officials would be swayed by the family's statement. The nation's largest newspaper, Corriere della Sera of Milan, commented:

"On the one hand, there is a man who is desperately trying to save himself. On the other, there are men who must seek the safety of the entire national community."

The family said that if the party leadership "doesn't want to assume the responsibility of declaring itself available to negotiations it should at least call a meeting of the national council" of the party.

Observers said that the family's stand could divide the party and might undermine the alliance of

disapprove the sale by majority votes in both houses. If it fails to do so, the sales will go through.

The administration picked up important support for the package this morning when House Speaker Thomas O'Neill, D-Mass., said that he would do whatever he could to insure its acceptance. However, he added that the package still faced trouble in the House.

Rep. O'Neill said that he made his decision during the weekend after meetings with Mr. Vance. He said that Mr. Vance persuaded him that the sales would not endanger Israel and were in the best interest of the United States.

Mr. Begin will leave Washington late today for a cross-country speaking tour that includes stops in Chicago, Los Angeles and New York.

Minister Dismissed in Rhodesia

Muzorewa Demands Black Be Renamed

By John F. Burns
JOHANNESBURG, May 1 (NYT)—Bishop Abel Muzorewa's political organization yesterday demanded the reinstatement of Byron Love, the black who was dismissed from Rhodesia's joint justice minister last week, and implied that it would withdraw from the country's transitional government unless the demand was met.

After an emergency session in Salisbury, the bishop's United African National Council issued a statement describing the dismissal as a breach of the majority rule accord concluded last month by Prime Minister Ian Smith and three black leaders, including Bishop Muzorewa.

The group set a meeting of its 70-member executive for next Sunday to review its continued participation in the accord. Meanwhile, it demanded an immediate meeting of Mr. Smith and the black leaders to reappoint Mr. Love, 38, who was dismissed on Friday for remarks critical of the white-dominated judiciary and police.

"The UANC considers the dismissal unconstitutional and therefore null and void," the group said after a four-hour meeting at its party headquarters. It added: "Meanwhile, the party is reviewing the whole question of its continued participation in the transitional government."

Effect of Walkout
A walkout by Bishop Muzorewa would deal a catastrophic blow to the majority rule agreement, since the 52-year-old prelate is the only black participant with widespread popular support. However, the

Bonn Admits Rising Neo-Nazi Militancy

By John Vinocur
BONN, May 1 (NYT)—The West German government has acknowledged for the first time that the militancy of neo-Nazi groups is growing and that some of their activities have taken on the characteristics of the country's extreme-leftist terrorist groups.

Interior Minister Werner Maihofer, in a weekend statement, said that the groups' violent aspects and the widening circulation of neo-Nazi literature were cause for concern.

The declaration coincided with a police report in West Berlin yesterday that a banned neo-Nazi group had been broken up, and an announcement Saturday by the federal prosecutor's office that five arrested extreme rightists were being investigated to determine whether they belonged to a terrorist organization.

Mr. Maihofer's statement followed an appeal last week by former Chancellor Willy Brandt for greater vigilance against neo-Nazis and rightist extremists.

More Militancy
Mr. Maihofer said that, although membership in extreme-rightist groups dropped last year, "the militancy of neo-Nazi circles has clearly grown."

"It must be noted," he said, "that for the first time right-wing extremist activities have gone into the terrorist area." Mr. Maihofer alluded to a bank robbery and the theft of automatic weapons from a Dutch Army depot in northern Germany that led to the arrest of several suspected neo-Nazis.

As an indication of the extent of the increased activity, Mr. Maihofer said that from 1976 to 1977 the number of criminal investigations of extreme rightists had grown from 80 to more than 300. Press reports last week, attributed to government sources, said that rightist attacks on property during the year had doubled.

2 Guerrillas Die in Clash In Lebanon

A Third Is Wounded By French Patrol

TYRE, Lebanon, May 1 (NYT)—A French patrol of the United Nations force clashed last night with a group of heavily armed guerrillas who refused to obey an order to halt. The patrol killed two guerrillas and injured one.

The guerrillas, later apparently identified as Lebanese leftists allied with the Palestinians, were said to be trying to cross near Barwarie, four miles northeast of Tyre, into territory turned over yesterday by the Israelis to the UN forces.

The incident was followed by firing most of the night. This morning the news came that three Senegalese guerrillas, with the UN forces were killed and one wounded when their vehicle ran over a mine in the same area.

At Barwarie, meanwhile, Senegalese forces detained two armed Palestinian guerrillas coming from Israeli-occupied territory, but released them after high-level negotiations between the French UN commander at Tyre and the Palestinian military commander of the region.

Troops On Alert

At Post 11, six miles south of Tyre, French UN troops were on the alert. A score of guerrillas arrived this morning in seven light trucks with recoilless rifles and machine guns and seemed to be establishing positions in the thick orange groves a few hundred yards from the post.

The situation has become increasingly tense in southern Lebanon during the last 10 days, with both Israeli and Palestinian infiltration attempts across the UN buffer zone. Now, with the Israeli's partial withdrawal yesterday to a strip 3 to 6 miles wide along the border, the UN forces are bracing for trouble.

"The question is: Are people going to agree to stop the infiltrations or are they going to create a military situation that would bring an Israeli reprisal and again threaten Lebanon's borders," Col. Jean Salvan, who commands the French troops with the UN forces in Lebanon, told newsmen.

Col. Salvan, 46, who heads the

Brezhnev Praise Marks Moscow May Day Parade

MOSCOW, May 1 (AP)—Moscow celebrated May Day today with its traditional Red Square parade featuring floats and flowers, balloons and martial music, and this year an unusually heavy emphasis on praise for President Leonid Brezhnev.

More than 100,000 marchers poured through the sunny square for two hours carrying Brezhnev posters, Brezhnev quotations and praise for Mr. Brezhnev's new book of wartime reminiscences, "Malaya Zemlya."

The Brezhnev floats and posters dominated the usual portraits of Marx, Engels and Lenin, no-nonsense economic placards, with promises of high production and topical slogans denouncing Israel, the neutron bomb and "prisoners of imperialism."

As the Red Square marchers, recruited from factories and offices throughout Moscow, paraded in the background, Soviet television interviewed factory workers, generals and Young Communist League members praising Mr. Brezhnev.

Mr. Brezhnev arrived as he does every year at 10 a.m. at the Lenin

Parade in Madrid

In Madrid, meanwhile Communists and Socialists led hundreds of thousands of workers through the rain in their first legal show of strength since the Spanish Civil War.

Organizers of the march claimed more than a million persons took part. The Interior Ministry estimated the crowd at 300,000. Police said that the turnout was the biggest in history and far overshadowed the last legal May Day in Spain in 1936.

Tens of thousands of others turned out in more than 260 demonstrations elsewhere in Spain, police said more than 100,000 marched in Barcelona, Spain's second biggest city.

The Madrid march was led by Communist party head Santiago Carrillo and Socialist leader Felipe



Soviet students holding red flags march through Red Square yesterday.

Premier Said to Be Leftist

Afghanistan Signals Soviet Ties

From Wire Dispatches

NEW DELHI, May 1 (UPI)—Afghanistan's new military government today signaled continued close ties with the Soviet Union by naming a reported leftist as Premier and announcing the Kremlin's recognition of the fledgling regime.

A Yugoslav report from Havana today said that Cuba, in a statement equivalent to recognition, expressed friendship toward the Afghan people and their new leaders.

Kabul radio in the Afghan capital said that Nur Mohammad Taraki, a civilian, was named Premier of the "Democratic Republic of Afghanistan" and chief of its new Revolutionary Council.

The broadcast said that Mr. Taraki was a "nationalist and revolutionary personality."

The United News of India said that Mr. Taraki was a leader of the Socialist party, which was outlawed before the coup Thursday and Friday.

But the British Broadcasting Corp. said that he was a leader of the pro-Communist People's Faction party, an underground opponent of the previous government. It said that he was one of several persons arrested in leftist protests that preceded the uprising.

Afghanistan's official Bakhtar news agency quoted by Kabul radio, said that "complete peace, security and discipline prevailed throughout the country."

But a Frenchman who arrived in Pakistan yesterday said, "The military government is still not in complete control ... and is facing resistance in certain places."

Western embassies in the capital reported that the new government was executing police and Interior Ministry officials.

The Times of India said that the new rulers gunned down the family of President Mohammed Daoud on Friday, the day after the coup. The victims included Mr. Daoud's three sons, several grandchildren and one of his brothers, the paper said.

It quoted diplomatic sources as saying that Mr. Daoud "was made to witness the shooting in an attempt to persuade him to sign an oath of loyalty to the new regime." He was killed a short time later, it said.

The government reported 200 persons killed in the rebellion, including Mr. Daoud. But travelers arriving in Pakistan from Kabul put the toll at about 500 soldiers and civilians.

One-Way Travel

The border was reopened yesterday for departing foreigners but remained closed to persons wanting to enter the country. Commercial communications channels were closed but Kabul radio said that the capital's airport reopened to international flights today.

The airport's runway had been reported damaged by bombing during the coup.

There was no confirmation from Moscow of the Kabul radio report that the Soviet Union, Afghanistan's northern neighbor, had become the first nation to recognize the new government.

The Havana dispatch from the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug quoted a Cuban government announcement, issued last night, as saying that Cuba "welcomes the decision of the revolutionary council of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan to remain a member of the nonaligned movement."

Tanjug said that the statement was interpreted as official recognition of the new Afghan government.

Mr. Daoud had proclaimed a policy of nonalignment and neutrality in foreign relations and obtained aid from the United States and the Soviet Union. The Soviet Union has been Afghanistan's chief supplier of arms and military equipment and its biggest trading partner.

Immediately after the coup, the new government described itself as "democratic, Islamic, reformist and nonaligned" and said that it would "remain faithful" to its "international commitments."

Tanjug said that the military leaders were continuing to meet at the Defense Ministry and were expected to announce basic foreign and domestic policy guidelines in the next two days.



Overturned cars mark the violent aftermath of the May Day parade in Paris yesterday.

New Ultimatum Is Issued In Call to Moro's Family

(Continued from Page 1)

May Day demanded today that there should be no deals with the Red Brigades.

In Rome, 25,000 workers from the three main unions marched from the Colosseum to the Square of St. John Lateran. They carried signs reading: "No Deal With the Red Brigades," "No Bartering" and "Red Brigades Only Create Blood."

Demonstrators and bystanders

Amin Dismisses Leader of Elite Military Unit

NAIROBI, May 1 (UPI)—Ugandan President Idi Amin has fired the commander of his elite "suicide" regiment, Kampala radio said today, amid growing signs of political turmoil in the East African nation.

The radio said that the officer, identified only as Col. Nasur, had been relieved of his post as commander of the regiment, which is based in the southern city of Masaka. The regiment, an elite unit, has been used to guard Marshal Amin.

The announcement of Col. Nasur's dismissal followed a lengthy statement by the President, broadcast today, in which he attacked military personnel who do not obey the law.

"All of us," President Amin declared, "follow the law and none should be deceived that soldiers are above the law."

The dismissal also followed reports that Roman Catholics in Masaka had been abused by the military and that the home of the archbishop was searched by security forces.

clapped and cheered as Pierre Carniti, deputy leader of the Communist-dominated General Confederation of Italian Labor, said: "We cannot yield to blackmail" and denounced the national wave of political violence.

Similar rallies were held in Turin, Milan, Bologna, Taranto, Salerno and Latina.

A joint statement by Catholic, Communist and Socialist unions said: "We firmly reject the subversive designs of the terrorists who, by their criminal and bloody action, seek to strike at the roots of democratic coexistence."

Israeli Offers Ransom

TEL AVIV, May 1 (UPI)—Member of Parliament Samuel Flatot-Sharon offered a \$10-million ransom today to the Red Brigades for the life of Mr. Moro. He said that the money was double the offer he made last week because of the latest death ultimatum.

Policeman Dies In Iran Rioting

TEHRAN, May 1 (AP)—Officials in Tehran confirmed yesterday that a policeman was killed and another injured during riots Friday in the religious town of Qum, 160 kilometers south of here.

Riots broke out at a Moslem shrine after a group shouted anti-regime slogans. Several rioters reportedly fired at policemen who attempted to disperse them.

Meanwhile, disturbances at Tehran University and the College of Polytechnic continued today for the fourth day here, but no casualties were reported. The anti-government demonstrations apparently are in sympathy for the religious persons killed in the Qum and Tabriz riots in February.

Parades in World Capitals Mark May Day Holiday

(Continued from Page 1)

Gonzalez and scores of union officials.

In Peking, for the first time in many years, citizens were able to enter city parks today without special passes, a Yugoslav report from the Chinese capital said today.

The Yugoslav news agency Tanjug said that the parks were traditionally decorated, but there were no fireworks probably for reasons of economy.

Haymarket Remembered

And at Waldheim cemetery in Forest Park, Ill., about 150 persons gathered at a rally Saturday in memory of the Haymarket Square

Parole Statistics Issued in U.S.

WASHINGTON, May 1 (UPI)—More than a million adults and 400,000 juveniles were being supervised by state or local probation and parole agencies in 1976, the Census Bureau reported.

Of the 1,079,258 adults, 923,060 were on probation in lieu of jail terms, and 156,000 had been paroled before completing sentences, according to a report issued yesterday. It said that 328,854 juveniles were on probation, 53,347 on parole.

The report showed that, at the time of the survey, there were 580 adults under supervision per 100,000 population nationally. In four jurisdictions the number was more than 1,000. The District of Columbia had 1,366 cases per 100,000 population, Massachusetts 1,353, California 1,113 and Maryland 1,018.

Colombia Police Seize Marijuana

WASHINGTON, May 1 (AP)—Colombian drug agents have seized and destroyed 574 tons of marijuana — described by U.S. officials as the largest drug raid in history.

"It's a world record in terms of quantity; the mother lode of marijuana," Peter Bensingher, head of the Drug Enforcement Administration, said Saturday.

Mr. Bensingher said that the marijuana, with a wholesale value of more than \$200 million, was packed and ready for shipment from four depots on Colombia's Guajira Peninsula. He said that four U.S. citizens, an Irish national and nine Colombians were arrested during raids that began Thursday and ended Saturday.

Pope Urges Public To Pressure Media

VATICAN CITY, May 1 (UPI)—Pope Paul VI has declared that viewers, listeners and readers should force the news media to do away with "violence, eroticism, vulgarity and egoism."

The Pope made his remarks Thursday in a message to Roman Catholic bishops and believers for World Communications Day, next Sunday.

"Nothing but generous collaboration on the part of all concerned can bring it about that the social communications media will abandon expressions and attitudes, unfortunately prevalent enough, which lean to violence, eroticism, vulgarity and egoism and are dictated unjustifiably by particular vested interests," the Pope said.

Prague Expels U.S. Journalist

BONN, May 1 (AP)—Associated Press reporter Robert Reid was expelled from Czechoslovakia today, apparently for interviewing a member of the Charter 77 human rights movement.

In New York, AP President and General Manager Keith Fuller said that the expulsion "makes a mockery of the Helsinki accords."

Mr. Reid told the U.S. Embassy in Prague that he was summoned to the passport and visa office and told to leave the country by 6 p.m., an embassy spokesman said. He took the next plane for West Germany.

Demonstrators Damage Cars in Paris Parade

PARIS, May 1 (Reuters)—About 300 demonstrators tonight smashed shop windows, damaged cars and pillaged a shop after the traditional May Day march organized by the major unions.

Police said that the demonstrators smashed more than 100 windows, turned two cars on their sides and set fire to a third. About 40 demonstrators were held for identity checks, they added.

The demonstrators piled up wood and other material from a roadworks near the offices of L'Humanite, the French Communist newspaper, and set fire to it when police charged.

At the start of the march, anarchists — apparently angered at being placed at the end of the procession — tried to force their way to the front, but were kept back by trade union stewards and riot police.

Police fired tear gas grenades in support of stewards of the Communist-led CGT union who grouped with the anarchists.

Police said six of their men were injured in clashes with demonstrators.

Fall of Saigon Commemorated By Communists

HONG KONG, May 1 (UPI)—

Thronged of Saigon residents gathered yesterday morning to hear government speakers and Communists from three continents commemorate the Communist takeover that ended the Indochina war.

The Vietnam news agency said that Mayor Vo Van Kiet of Saigon "praised the city's population who in the past three years have carried out tireless revolutionary activities with a sense of being the collective master of society."

Other speakers at the former presidential palace — renamed Thong Nhat or Reunification Hall — from which U.S.-backed President Nguyen Van Thieu fled a week before the April 30, 1975, fall, were the men most popularly associated with the Communist victory in South Vietnam.

They included Pham Hung, who headed the southern wing of the Communist party of Vietnam during most of the war, and Gen. Van Tien Dung, who led his North Vietnamese divisions to a sweeping victory in a 55-day campaign. Foreign visitors included Luis Corvalan, head of Chile's Communist party, and Guenter Berger from Leipzig, East Germany. Leipzig is a sister city of Ho Chi Minh City, as Saigon is now called.

Ethiopia Chief Reports Battle For Province

NAIROBI, May 1 (UPI)—Ethiopia's chief of state, Lt. Col. Mengistu Haile Mariam, declared today that a fierce battle was being fought for control of Ethiopia's northern province of Eritrea.

In Somalia, President Mohammed Siad Barre pledged his government's continued support for the Eritreans and for Somali guerrilla groups operating in the disputed Ogaden region.

Speaking to a May Day rally in Addis Ababa, the leader of Ethiopia's Marxist regime said that the struggle will continue in Eritrea until the masses are freed from what he called a reactionary plot against the country. In the last year, secessionists have taken control of 95 per cent of the province.

Col. Mengistu said that Arab states had intensified financial and military support to the predominantly Moslem Eritreans and "are about to interfere" apparently meaning overt intervention.

From broadcast accounts of Col. Mengistu's speech, he did not give any details of the fighting or make reference to Cuban involvement in the campaign against the Eritreans.

Japan Mine Crash

TOKYO, May 1 (AP)—An unmanned carrier collided head-on yesterday with an underground train carrying 107 miners at the Yotsuyama coal mine in Fukuoka, 570 miles southwest of Tokyo. Police said that one miner was killed and 95 injured.

Over Soviet Territory

Korean Air Crew Blames Instruments for Straying

COPENHAGEN, May 1 (AP)—The navigator of a South Korean airliner forced down in the Soviet Union says that the plane wandered 1,000 miles off course "due to a defect of the directional gyro."

Navigator Lee Kun-shik made the comment at a news conference after he and the pilot of the Korean Air Lines plane arrived here from the Soviet Union, following their release Saturday.

Pilot Kim Chang-Kyu praised Soviet authorities for releasing the passengers and crew, and "for their good treatment over the week we were there."

Both men, looking haggard, declined to discuss Soviet announcements that they admitted guilt for violating Soviet air space.

Doctors today gave clearance for both men to travel home.

A spokesman for the South Korean Embassy here said that government and airline officials had decided, on medical advice, that the two men were well enough to fly to Seoul by way of Paris. They arrived in Paris later today.

2 Passengers Killed

Mr. Kim also declined to discuss the events leading up to the shooting of the airliner by a Soviet fighter. Two passengers were killed in the incident. He said that, after being hit, he immediately descended and spent an hour and a half looking for a landing spot before setting the Boeing 707 down on a frozen lake.

Mr. Kim said that he heard "an explosion" and felt the aircraft vibrate and decompress.

"The first measure for safety was landing," the pilot said. "For all the passengers' sake I had to descend." He said he dropped from 35,000 feet to 4,000 feet in about six minutes then leveled off for a long look at the terrain.

"I looked for a good place to land by a village, but the fuel was almost gone. I saw a lake, and knew it was cold, so I thought it would be frozen," he said.

Radio Functioned

Mr. Kim said that his radio functioned properly. Asked why he had not heard orders from the Russians to land at a nearby air base, he replied that "military and civilian frequencies are different."

The bodies of the 2 dead passengers and the 106 passengers and crew of what was to have been a Paris to Seoul flight were released by the Russians two days after the incident.

The Soviet news agency Tass said that the pair admitted disobeying warnings by interceptor pilots to land when their plane wandered over the northwestern Soviet Union on April 30.

Passengers and crew released previously have said they saw only one interceptor and that it gave no warning signal before firing at the airliner.

Tass said that the President of the Supreme Soviet pardoned the two Koreans "considering their admission of guilt and their repentance, and also guided by principles of humanitarianism."

A spokesman for the U.S. Embassy in Moscow said it was told Friday that the Soviet investigation of the incident had been completed and that the Koreans would be released.

Tass said that the pilot and navigator "pleaded guilty" to "violating the U.S.S.R.'s air space and border and the international rules of flight."

The two "confirmed that they had understood the orders of the Soviet aircraft, but did not obey these orders," Tass said. "Pleading guilty to the Soviet law, the crew commander and the navigator addressed a written appeal for pardon to the President of the U.S.S.R. Supreme Soviet."

Tass did not mention that Soviet military aircraft had fired at the Korean airliner.

Spain Socialists Unify, Declared 2d Power Group

MADRID, May 1 (AP)—The two most powerful Spanish Socialist parties, the Socialist Workers' party (PSOE) and the Popular Socialist party (PSP), merged yesterday to become, as their leaders said, the strongest alternative power in Spain.

European Socialist leaders and delegations attended the formal unification, held during a meeting at Madrid's Congressional Palace.

An estimated crowd of 5,000 applauded and shouted "unity, unity" when the two Socialist leaders, 36-year-old Felipe Gonzalez of PSOE, and 60-year-old Enrique Tierno Galvan of PSP signed the act of Spanish Socialist unity.

Among those present who signed as witnesses were Portuguese Premier Mario Soares, France's Francois Mitterrand, Italy's Bettino Craxi and Sweden's Bertil Ohlsson, secretary-general of the Socialist International.

Mr. Gonzalez will be head of the unified party with the title of secretary general. Mr. Tierno will be president of honor, a largely ceremonial post. But it opens the opportunity for Mr. Tierno to head a municipal elections ticket as candidate for mayor of Madrid and cement backing for Mr. Gonzalez to challenge centrist Premier Adolfo Suarez in parliamentary elections expected for next autumn.

Military Is Said To Back Videla

BUENOS AIRES, May 1 (AP)—Ranking officers of the three armed services have agreed jointly to back the designation of Gen. Jorge Videla to continue as president of Argentina's 25-month-old military government, army sources said yesterday.

The reported agreement, reached during 12 hours of meetings at air force headquarters Friday and Saturday, appeared to spell the end of navy opposition to the plan by Mr. Videla, 52, to start a second term as president when he retires as army commander this year.

An official statement said that the army division generals, navy vice-admirals and air brigadiers had reached an accord for the ruling three-man junta to consider at its meeting tomorrow.

Waldheim Takes on Role In Deadlock on Namibia

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., May 1 (AP)—United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim has become an intermediary in an apparent effort to break a deadlock between the South-West African people's nationalist movement over how to bring South-West Africa to independence from South Africa.

South-West Africa People's Organization President Sam Nujoma conferred with Mr. Waldheim Saturday and said that they had discussed the question of the UN involvement in South-West Africa, also known as Namibia, and the necessary powers of the UN special representative to be chosen by the Security Council.

The five Western countries would let a South African administrator-general arrange for a pre-independence election but have the UN special representatives make the arrangements were fair, using a veto when necessary.

But Mr. Nujoma, speaking Fri-

day in the Assembly's Namibia session, said that the UN role should be superior to South Africa's and that the special representative should oversee the transitional process leading to independence. He also rejected other key parts of the West's proposal and called for new talks on outstanding issues.

A Western diplomat said privately that Britain, France, West Germany, Canada and the United States, authors of the transition plan, would not renegotiate it as demanded by SWAPO.

"That's their problem," Mr. Nujoma said when asked about the Western stand. But he added that he would talk with the five next week. He also said that he would speak a third time in a special session of the General Assembly which is scheduled to end Wednesday with a re-endorsement of SWAPO as sole representative of the people of South-West Africa.

2 Guerrillas Die in Clash in Lebanon

(Continued from Page 1)

3d Regiment of infantry paratroopers, and has served in Algeria, the Congo, Chad and Madagascar, is determined to show the authority of the UN forces, with negotiations if possible.

Two days before Israel's withdrawal from the western sector yesterday, Col. Salvan met with Palestinian and Lebanese leftist guerrilla leaders in Tyre and warned them not to cross into Israeli-occupied territory, which would henceforth be under control of the UN.

Continue the Struggle

The Palestinians reiterated commitments of cooperation with the UN to get the Israelis out and indicated that they would avoid crossing UN lines, but the Lebanese leftists, while assuring that they would not attack the UN troops, said that they would continue their struggle, according to the French command.

"The Palestinians have a structured organization and are fully

conscious of international public opinion, and they are cooperating with us," Col. Salvan said, "but the Lebanese leftists don't appreciate the international reaction, and are suspicious and afraid and so our relations with them are difficult."

The Lebanese leftists demonstrated how difficult they could be this afternoon by closing off the city of Tyre to UN forces, in what was apparently a retaliatory act for last night's shooting.

Lebanese from the National Movement manning a roadblock at the entry of the ancient port city said that they had orders to keep the UN forces out.

First Serious Clash

Capt. Jean Menegaux, a spokesman for the French troops, recounted last night's incident, which was the first serious clash between the French and the guerrillas.

At 11 p.m., a French patrol of eight men intercepted a group of four guerrillas in the Bazouriyeh area and challenged them to halt,

according to Capt. Menegaux. The guerrillas fired Kalashnikov submachine guns, rocket-propelled grenades and threw grenades at the French patrol, who answered with automatic rifles and submachine guns.

One French soldier was lightly wounded and three guerrilla bodies were left on the field while the fourth escaped. The French spokesman said. However, when the French troops went to the scene this morning with the PLO liaison officer, they found only two bodies and assumed that the third guerrilla was only wounded.

Mrs. Peron Is Treated

BUENOS AIRES, May 1 (Reuters)—Former Argentine President Isabel Peron is again in detention at a naval base after being treated in a hospital for an undiagnosed ailment, unofficial sources said today.

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By Justice Department

Top Teamster Figures in Probe

By Jo Thomas

WASHINGTON, May 1 (UPI)—Frank Fitzsimmons, president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, and Richard Kleindienst, former attorney general, are key figures in a criminal investigation that is part of an effort by the Justice Department to clean up corruption in the Teamsters union.

Both men were called before a U.S. grand jury in Los Angeles early this year after giving contradictory testimony before the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations last fall about what roles, if any, they played in promoting an insurance contract through which the union's Central States, Southeast and Southwest Areas Health and Welfare Fund lost \$6.6 million in three months.

Executive Probed

The probe focuses on Joseph Hauser, a Beverly Hills insurance executive accused by the Securities and Exchange Commission of "looting" one insurance company.

He was convicted last year of bribing union officials in California in connection with another insurance contract that is now bankrupt.

In 1976, a company that channeled funds to Hauser obtained a large insurance contract with the Central States Health and Welfare Fund.

Mr. Kleindienst testified that he had tried to use his friendship with Mr. Fitzsimmons to help Hauser's company get that contract and, in return, received a \$250,000 "finders fee," which he split with two other people.

Mr. Kleindienst said that Mr. Fitzsimmons had assured him that his client had a good chance of getting the contract.

Mr. Fitzsimmons denied in his Senate testimony that he had made any such assurances or any effort to help Mr. Kleindienst's client.

Suit Filed

The Teamsters have filed suit to reclaim the millions of dollars that they maintain was siphoned by Hauser.

Daniel Shannon, who was executive director of the health and welfare fund at the time of the loss, told the Senate subcommittee that the fund had been "victimized by unscrupulous men to whom perjury and deceit seem a way of life."

Last year, the government forced the resignation and replacement of the trustees of the health and welfare fund. Teamster sources said that the new trustees had not been pleased with Mr. Shannon's testimony, who last week was forced to resign. Congressmen of both parties expressed alarm at this turn of events.

Testimony last fall before the Senate investigations panel provided a detailed, well-documented look at the chain of events now being probed.

On Oct. 13, 1975, the health and welfare fund's trustees voted to end their coverage with Republic National Life Insurance Co. of Dallas, to become self-insured on health life insurance contract. It was to be, as Sen. Sam Nunn, D-Ga., later described it, the largest single group life insurance contract ever awarded by a union trust fund, carrying premiums of \$24 million a year on coverage of \$2.6 billion.

The Tolley International Corp. of Indianapolis was asked to draw up bid specifications and to decide which insurance companies should be invited to bid.

At that time, according to testimony by Donald Gray, an investigator for the Senate subcommittee, Hauser controlled a small Florida-based company, the Farmers National Life Insurance Co. As the Farmers concern could not do business in most states, Hauser had arranged a re-insurance pact with the Old Security Life Insurance Co. in Kansas City, which agreed to "front" for Farmers. Premiums paid to Old Security in fact went to Farmers. Both companies are now in receivership.

John Boden, a former business associate of Hauser now in protective custody, testified that a vice-president of Tolley, Len Teevins,

met with Hauser in December, 1975, and passed information that he believed would allow Old Security to make a successful bid on the Teamsters' insurance contract.

Mr. Teevins recalled the meeting but testified that the discussion was of a general nature and did not give Old Security an inside advantage.

Eight companies bid. Old Security and the Prudential Life Insurance Co. both had the second-lowest bid. When Mr. Teevins submitted his analysis of the bids to the fund's trustees on March 4, 1976, his calculations showed that Old Security was the low bidder.

But Mr. Shannon, as executive director of the fund, still preferred Prudential's established reputation and financial stability.

"Hauser was beside himself because he figured that he was going to be cheated out of the contract even though he was the low bidder," Irving Davidson, a friend of Hauser, testified.

Help Advised
Mr. Davidson said that he had advised Hauser to seek help from Thomas Webb Jr., a "social buddy," golf partner and gin player, with Frank Fitzsimmons.

In turn, Mr. Davidson testified, Mr. Webb "thought it would be a smart thing to do to get the business for Hauser by contacting Richard Kleindienst, the former attorney general of the United States."

Mr. Kleindienst, who testified that he considered Mr. Fitzsimmons "a close personal friend of mine," said that he called Mr. Fitzsimmons immediately after he heard from Mr. Webb, told Mr. Fitzsimmons about the Old Security bid and asked for help. Later, Mr. Kleindienst testified, Mr. Fitzsimmons called him back to say that Old Security apparently was the low bidder and had a good chance.

Mr. Fitzsimmons testified that he did not consider Mr. Kleindienst a great friend, labeled some of his testimony "untrue" and said that he had made no effort to help Old Security.

Mr. Nixon attributes the adverse reaction to the "Blue Book," 1,300 pages of transcripts that he released to the public and the House Judiciary Committee on April 30, 1974, to a belief that people did not want to be told that conversations in the White House are not always high-minded.

"There is noble talk in the Oval Office to be sure, high-minded and disinterested. But there are also frustration, worry, anxiety, profanity and above all, raw pragmatism when it comes to politics and political survival," he wrote.

"With the Blue Book transcripts, I was in the position of telling the American people things that they did not want to know."

He added that the adverse reaction was "oddly delayed." Actually, it began almost immediately when the transcripts were released, but it was several days before members of the president's party who had supported him in the past began to defect and to talk about resignation, and this was what worried Mr. Nixon.

Mr. Nixon says that on May 7, 1974, he listened to tape-recorded conversations of June 23, 1971, in which he agreed to order the Central Intelligence Agency to interfere with the Watergate investigation, and decided then that "we should draw the line on producing any further tapes."

By a unanimous decision of the Supreme Court, he lost his appeal of a federal court ruling that he turn over 64 new tapes of Watergate-related conversations. His closest aides, including Alexander Haig Jr., his chief of staff, advised resignation.

"On Thursday, Aug. 1, I told Haig that I had decided to resign," Mr. Nixon wrote. "I took a yellow pad from the desk. At the top I wrote, 'Resignation Speech.' Working quickly, I filled several pages with notes and outlines."

Weekend at Camp David

This was the first indication from Mr. Nixon that he had made his decision that early. According to several published accounts, he did talk of resigning then, but members of his family talked him out of it.

In any event, there was another public relations effort to control the situation. Mr. Nixon does not mention in his memoirs. After an agonizing weekend with his staff at Camp David, he returned to Washington on Monday, released the tapes, insisted they were no cause to resign and told his Cabinet he would refuse to do so.

His account skips this and goes to Wednesday, Aug. 7, when Republican leaders in Congress told him he had no chance of avoiding impeachment. He tells of asking Secretary of State Henry Kissinger that evening to the Lincoln sitting room.

"I asked him to pray with me now, and we knelt," Nixon wrote.

His account of announcing on television that he would resign at noon the next day, his emotional farewell speech in the East Room and his boarding a helicopter for the first leg of his flight home to California are in keeping with published accounts and, presumably, his last work on Watergate.



Daniel Ellsberg does not seem to mind rain during protest outside Rocky Flats nuclear weapons plant in Golden, Colo.

5,000 Anti-Nuclear Protesters Hold Rally at U.S. Atomic Plant

GOLDEN, Colo., May 1 (AP)—A weekend rally that drew about 5,000 protesters to the Rocky Flats nuclear weapons plant ended with an overnight vigil on a little-used railroad track leading to the plant.

The demonstration on Saturday was the largest held at the plant, the nation's only producer of the plutonium components for nuclear bombs.

As Jefferson County sheriff's officers on horseback watched from a nearby hill, about 150 demonstrators, including Daniel Ellsberg, who made the Pentagon Papers public, carried sleeping bags and backpacks to the track.

There were no arrests, and plant security officials said that the protesters would be allowed to stay as long as they wish, providing they do not move along the tracks toward the plant. The track is rarely used, a security guard said.

Earlier, at an afternoon rally, speakers told of the health dangers of plutonium, called for a halt to the arms race and urged that the plant's nuclear functions be phased out.

A main objective of the rally, organizers said last week, was to influence U.S. representatives to the UN disarmament conference this month.

The mood was festive. Bluegrass musicians performed between speeches, and demonstrators flew kites, ate picnic lunches and carried signs and banners with slogans, such as "No nukes is good nukes."

Hundreds of balloons were released to show how the winds would carry any radiation that might be released from the plant.

The largest previous demonstration at the plant was on Aug. 6, 1976, when about 300 persons marked the 31st anniversary of the atomic bombing at Hiroshima.

Rocky Flats, which was built in 1952, is operated by Rockwell International for the federal government. Plutonium, an intensely radioactive element, is milled and made at the plant into pieces that form the explosive packages of nuclear weapons.

Controversy Surrounds Ex-President's Memoirs

(Continued from Page 1)
Nixon in his public life, it follows the 1,184-page book that begins with his early recollections in California and ends with his departure under fire from the White House.

Angry Debate
In the Congress and in the courts, in bookstores and in publishing houses, the publication of Mr. Nixon's recollections has aroused angry debate.

Publishers and booksellers compare the Nixon book with H.R. Haldeman's "The Ends of Power," recently published by Times Books, and ask whether the authors should profit by their misconduct.

Doubleday & Co. turned down the opportunity to take on the Nixon and Haldeman books as well as works by John Dean 3d and by John Ehrlichman.

Stewart Richardson, Doubleday's vice-president and editor in chief, said that the company had made it a policy not to publish books by those implicated in Watergate criminality.

Their publishers have said that they tried to balance their lists, publishing books on both sides of the Watergate controversy. Simon & Schuster, for example, published Bob Woodward and Carl Bernstein's "All the President's Men" and Dean's book.

Alternate Club Choice
By the same reasoning, the Book-of-the-Month Club, which took on the Woodward-Bernstein, Dean and Haldeman books as main selections, has agreed to distribute the Nixon memoirs, but only as an alternate selection.

After raking an early bid, the Literary Guild, part of Doubleday & Co., declined to acquire the Nixon book, mainly on the ground that the work did not add significantly to what was already known about Mr. Nixon and Watergate.

Warner Books, which bought world rights to the Nixon memoirs, and Grosset & Dunlap en-

countered difficulty in arranging foreign book publication, but had more success in selling syndication rights to newspapers and magazines through The New York Times feature service. The Times and other newspapers began publishing excerpts from the book yesterday.

The Nixon memoirs are scheduled for publication in Britain by Sidgwick & Jackson in June.

In reaction to the Ehrlichman, Haldeman and Nixon books, bills have been introduced in Congress to prevent the authors from profiting by their wrongdoing.

Rep. B.F. Sisk, D-Calif., is trying to move through the Criminal Justice subcommittee of the Judiciary Committee a bill that would give profits from publications by convicted criminals to their victims.

Such sums would be turned over to the attorney general for deposit in a Crime Victims Assistance Fund. An amended bill has passed in the House and is pending before the Senate.

Since Mr. Nixon has not been convicted of any crimes, a lawyer for the subcommittee said, he would not be affected by such legislation, and with the other Watergate participants who have written books, there would be a problem of an ex post facto law.

In an effort to prevent Haldeman from receiving royalties from his book — and with the hope that such action would affect Mr. Nixon — a suit has been filed in State Supreme Court in Manhattan by Debra Jenkins, a 34-year-old legal secretary with the firm of Berny & Cousins in New York. Also named in the suit are The New York Times and Times Books, Haldeman's publisher.

Lawyers for The Times have said that they are "not proper parties to this action," and Haldeman's lawyers have said that Miss Jenkins "has no standing, under both constitutional and court-imposed limitations," to bring the suit.

Unlike Neutron Weapon

U.S. Plans Bomb Stressing Blast Effect

By Walter Pincus

WASHINGTON, May 1 (UPI)—The Carter administration has asked Congress to approve funds to develop a new nuclear bomb whose effects are the opposite of the neutron weapon that the President recently deferred — the emphasis is on blast, not radiation.

The new bomb, called the "RRR" bomb by the Pentagon, for "reduced residual radiation," would be used to demolish structures, dig craters or destroy mountain passes, tasks once assigned to the atomic demolition mines in the nuclear stockpile.

"This is the original idea of a 'clean bomb,'" a government nuclear weapons expert said Friday. "It is a blast weapon designed to create a minimum amount of fallout... and suppress irradiation of the soil."

During the neutron weapons debate, government spokesmen described that weapon as "clean" because it cut down on blast and heat, producing instead greater radiation.

Heat and Blast

In the late 1940s and early 1950s, public concern about atomic warfare was focused primarily on radioactive fallout. Scientists went to work developing "cleaner" bombs that cut down on radiation produced by each weapon. The bombs and shells built in those years emphasized heat and blast.

All nuclear weapons produce blast, heat and radiation. In recent years, however, scientists at the government's weapons laboratories have been trying to tailor the effects of nuclear explosions to fit specific military missions.

Thus the neutron artillery shell, which detonates above ground, generates deadly doses of radiation that penetrate steel plates and kill or incapacitate tank crews.

The blast bomb, on the other hand, is planned to explode on or under the ground, throwing enormous amounts of debris. Radiation must be limited or the target area would remain contaminated for hundreds or thousands of years.

U.S. High Court Refuses Panama Treaty Action

WASHINGTON, May 1 (UPI)—The Supreme Court today refused again to become involved in issues dealing with the Panama Canal treaties.

The justices rejected a challenge to the treaties by 60 House members who had been to the high court twice before.

U.S. District Judge Barrington Parker dismissed their suit against President Carter on Feb. 20, and on April 6 the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia ruled in Mr. Carter's favor.

The lawmakers have argued that the House as well as the Senate should vote on the treaties because, under the Constitution, the President may not dispose of U.S. property without the consent of both houses.

The Justice Department, representing Mr. Carter, told the high court that congressional action is only one way to dispose of federal property. The department noted that the House has not attempted to block the treaties.

The blast bomb is only one of several new nuclear weapons being developed that were described by Department of Energy officials during closed hearings of the House Appropriations Subcommittee on Public Works last month. An unclassified version of the sessions was published last week.

During the hearing, Dr. Donald Kerr, acting assistant secretary of energy for defense programs, told the subcommittee that "a substantial increase" was proposed in production of nuclear weapons in the coming fiscal year based on a two-year program approved by the President last December.

Dr. Kerr told the subcommittee that the department needed \$612 million for production and maintenance of the nuclear weapons stockpile. That represented an "increase of \$108 million or about 21 percent," Dr. Kerr said.

Overall, the cost next fiscal year for the Department of Energy's

portion of nuclear weapons research and production was put at \$1.5 billion, up \$70 million from this year.

The December presidential paper gave production authority through 1980 for the new Trident sea-launched ballistic missile warhead for the Navy, the Mark-12A warhead for the land-based intercontinental Minuteman III ballistic missile, and the warhead for the new air- and sea-launched tactical and strategic versions of the Cruise missile.

Approval also was given to four versions of new tactical nuclear bombs called the B-61.

Three new neutron weapons, the Lance warhead and the 8-inch and 15-mm. artillery shells, were also in the December production plan but earlier this month the President deferred them. A revised plan for those tactical weapons is being drawn up.

The only production halted by the President in the December paper was the B-77, a strategic nuclear bomb that had been developed primarily to be carried by the B-1 bomber. Once Mr. Carter canceled B-1 production, he decided to save money by asking that the B-43, the currently deployed strategic nuclear bomb, be modified with new safety devices.

In addition to the blast bomb, other new nuclear weapons expected to enter the development phase are the Pershing II, a warhead for the Army's 400-mile tactical missile now in Europe, and a warhead for a ground-launched cruise missile.

Typhoid-Like Fever Spreads Near Munich

MUNICH, May 1 (AP)—Doctors in this area have examined about 260 persons with symptoms resembling typhoid fever, Munich police reported yesterday. About 40 of the persons were hospitalized for treatment.

The epidemic, of undetermined origins, broke out in Ismaning, a village 10 miles north of Munich. The police said it was not immediately clear whether food or contaminated water was to blame for the outbreak.

Authorities established a crisis staff including policemen, the ambulance services, laboratories and doctors. Adults and children were affected, suffering fever and diarrhea, the police said.

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War, Hunger, Corruption

Vietnam Is Being Struck By Traditional Scourges

By Jay Mathews

HONG KONG, May 1 (WP)—Three years after their victory in the Indochinese war, Vietnam's Communist leaders have been hit by the same scourges that crippled their old U.S. adversaries: an unrelenting war against a small but intractable foe, economic dislocation, social disorder and even widespread draft dodging.

Particularly in South Vietnam, where the U.S.-backed government in Saigon surrendered to the Communists on April 30, 1975, young people have not looked "in a favorable light" on the task of "protecting the fatherland" against new attacks from Cambodia, Communist Party Central Committee member Phan Van Kiet complained in a speech that has reached here. A continuing food shortage, worsened by reports of another bad crop, makes this year's victory anniversary celebration that much more sour.

Over and above its reluctance to manufacture rifles when it really needs plows, the Communist leadership has found the morale problems of war against a smaller power as real and frustrating as the Americans did. The Vietnamese Army of 1978 appears to have little of the fervor—or success—of the army of 1975 that fought and won a war for national liberation. The weary veterans left over from that war and the disgruntled and hastily trained recruits from the conquered South were badly bloodied by the undermanned Cambodians in January. Vietnamese generals now seem to be hesitant to launch another major offensive.

Chinese Intervention

Like war planners in Washington in the 1960s, the Vietnamese are also worrying about Chinese intervention. They have reacted to Chinese aid to the Cambodians and troubles on their own Chinese border by closing the small shops run by overseas Chinese in Saigon—leading to reported anti-government demonstrations in which Saigon Chinese have held up pictures of Mao Tse-tung.

But the Vietnamese leaders appear to realize that none of their new problems—most of them at least in part the result of the war that ended three years ago—can be solved until everyone has enough to eat. Drought and cyclones cut deeply into last year's grain crop. Port inefficiency and corruption are slowing the movement of relief food. A visiting Yugoslav journalist reported that a chicken costs a Vietnamese worker half a month's pay.

Mindful of all this, the government has cut industrial projects in order to devote all available resources to agriculture.

Hanoi also appears to have made a concerted effort to soothe its Southeast Asian neighbors, understandably fearful of a nation with such a large and well-equipped army. Foreign Minister Nguyen Duy Trinh made a good impression in Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines and Thailand during a turn of the year journey of conciliation.

The Worst Problem

The Vietnamese have not shrunk from or disguised their worst problem, food. An exhaustive review of first-quarter farming statistics broadcast by Hanoi last month and monitored here revealed that the planting of rice and nearly every other crop was far behind schedule, despite the need to make up for last year's disasters. The broadcast said that peasants were relying almost exclusively on animal manure while nitrogen fertilizer was left in the hopelessly scarred Vietnamese ports. Unusually cool weather had slowed growth of rice shoots. Moths and other insects were thriving while water was short.

The radio said that the nation faced "serious shortages" of fertilizer, peanuts, soybeans, sugar cane, hogs and beef. But unlike the Chinese, who have rejected all offers of charity in their recent economic troubles, the Vietnamese have gladly accepted food and other aid from about 25 nations, including a 10,000-ton shipment of wheat from a U.S. church group.

To judge from the Vietnamese press, the social disorder and corruption which accompany the food shortage is at least as worrisome to the leadership. According to a broadcast monitored here, Communist Party General Secretary Le Duan told military academy graduates that "a number of negative aspects are still prevalent in the economic and social life in our country. All this has inevitably exerted a bad effect on our army units and on the sentiments, thoughts, actions and way of life of our cadres and combatants."

Property of Revolution

Northerners, used to deprivations during the war years, have been stealing or extorting the relative riches of the conquered South. As Mr. Le Duan put it, "a lot of property belonging to the revolution in the newly liberated areas was under loose management." In turn, Mr. Pham said, there is a "limited understanding displayed by the southern people in general, particularly the southern young people in particular, of the task of strengthening national defense for protecting and building the country."

The northern administrators have come down particularly hard in recent weeks on the nearly million ethnic Chinese in the South, many of whom have been living off small shops in the Cholon District of Saigon, now called Ho Chi Minh City. Such "bourgeois trading" will no longer be tolerated, the official press had declared. Peking, which has attempted to show concern for the Cholon Chinese despite their capitalist tendencies, has reportedly been rebuffed in attempts to send official representatives to the district.

The Vietnamese are daily promising better administrative regulations and more honest government personnel in order to improve their services. A measure of Hanoi's failure so far to assuage such grievances is the flow of illegal emigrants, up to 3,000 last month compared to a 500-a-month average in the first half of last year.



BIGGEST WHEEL—Buddy Farnan, a collector of ancient bicycles, displays his "Circle Cycle" on a Chicago avenue. The machine was constructed in Chicago in the 1920s.

Data Show Scientologists Waging a War on Critics

By Ron Shaffer

WASHINGTON, May 1 (WP)—Church of Scientology documents seized by the FBI indicate that the church has been waging an extensive, sophisticated campaign to identify, attack and discredit its enemies, including Internal Revenue Service and Justice Department investigators, other public officials and journalists.

The campaign carried out by the Church of Scientology's "Guardian's Office" to silence critics has involved illegal surveillance, burglaries, forgeries and many forms of harassment, according to sources close to an intensive federal investigation of the Scientologists' activities.

Sources said that the covert operations documented in the Scientologists' internal memoranda and directives, which were seized by the FBI under court subpoena last July, include the following incidents:

- Scientologists obtained the personal stationery of a woman, typed a bomb threat on it, mailed it to a Scientology office and reported the threat to police. The woman, who had written a book critical of Scientology, was arrested, charged with making a bomb threat, and then charged with perjury when she denied doing it. She suffered a nervous breakdown before the case was dismissed.
- Scientology agents held a fake hit-and-run accident designed to compromise the mayor of Clearwater, Fla., who had criticized the Scientologists' purchase of a Clearwater hotel. A woman Scientology agent, driving a car in which the Clearwater mayor was riding, ran into a Scientology agent posing as a pedestrian, left the scene and urged the mayor not to report the accident. The Scientologists then tried to use the incident against the mayor in his campaign for re-election.
- The Scientologists attempted to discredit a Clearwater, Fla., reporter by forging the rough draft of a newspaper story under his name purportedly linking Florida politicians to the Mafia. They then passed the forged story to state legislators critical of the Scientologists.
- Scientology infiltrators were placed in at least three government agencies—the Justice Department, Internal Revenue Service and Drug Enforcement Administration—to gather intelligence and steal documents dealing with agency actions relating to the church.
- A campaign was mounted to

harass prosecutors who have been handling Scientology cases, including calls and background investigations ranging from grades in school to personal habits.

Reports Called False

Asked last night about these alleged operations, Hugh Layton, a spokesman for the Scientology Church, said that the government evidence is a compilation of false reports put out as part of 20 years of harassment. Mr. Layton said that the church has extensive documentation to refute each of the allegations.

Mr. Layton accused the key federal prosecutor in the Scientology investigation, Raymond Banoun, of disseminating false information in retaliation for a demonstration yesterday by Scientologists against him.

The demonstration, held across from the FBI headquarters here, Mr. Layton said, was to protest Mr. Banoun's "blatant misrepresentations in court." Mr. Banoun declined to comment on details of the investigation yesterday.

Mr. Layton said that the allegation that the Scientologists framed the New York woman with a bomb threat "is typical of outrageous false statements that some people feel they need to pass on regarding the church." He said that the woman had written "many false statements and facts in her book."

Allegation Ridiculous

The former mayor of Clearwater, Fla., "has lost some of his marbles," Mr. Layton said, and called the allegation that the Scientologists fabricated a news story ridiculous.

The Scientologists have contended that they are the victims of extensive harassment by the federal government which, they say, is attempting to suppress their religion.

They have filed complaints against federal investigators, accused the FBI of gesticulating in carrying out raids and sued virtually every federal official they have identified as being involved with the case.

The church's broadest suit pending in federal court here accuses numerous government agencies of conducting a 20-year campaign to infiltrate and harass them in violation of the First Amendment.

The Church of Scientology was begun by Ron Hubbard, a former science-fiction writer whose book, "Dianetics: The Modern Science of Mental Health," has become a best-seller. The church asserts that man is essentially a free spirit and, in order to achieve his true nature, must rid himself of emotional constraints through counseling conducted by church members.

Frankfurt Blaze Kills 5

FRANKFURT, May 1 (AP)—Five Yugoslavs died in a blaze that destroyed a six-story building in Frankfurt's city center, police reported yesterday.

David S. Broder

WASHINGTON, May 1 (WP)—Illinois broke the ice in March with its primary, but from tomorrow on, when North Carolina and Indiana vote, until Florida's Oct. 10 runoff completes the process, there is hardly a respite in the election schedule.

These primaries are the warm-ups for the Nov. 7 general election, when 34 Senate seats, all 435 House seats, 36 governorships and a host of lesser offices will be filled.

Active participants in the campaigning during the next six months will be President Carter and Vice-President Mondale, for whom the first mid-term election of their administration constitutes—to some degree—a vote of confidence or no confidence.

They will be no busier than the dozen big-name Republicans—including 1976 rivals Gerald Ford and Ronald Reagan—who will use this mid-term campaign as a way of building political IOUs for a possible 1980 presidential nomination bid.

GOP Gains Predicted

At this stage the expectation of leaders in both parties is that the Republicans will make modest to moderate gains. The gains could become major if the economy, which now looms as the major national issue, spins into more severe inflation or suddenly slumps into recession before Election Day.

District-by-district surveys bear out the message of the national polls that, generally speaking, congressional incumbents are in good shape with their constituents.

For the Democrats, with their big majorities in both the House and Senate, that is good news. Few are as optimistic as House Speaker Thomas (Tip) O'Neill Jr., D-Mass., who went on record as saying that his party would lose fewer than five seats in the House, where it holds a 283-147 lead.

In the Senate, where Democrats have an edge of 62 to 38, the outlook is for a near-standoff. Each party has 17 seats at stake, and each appears to have as many vulnerable spots to defend. A half-dozen seats in each party could change hands.

The picture is quite different in the gubernatorial races, where the statistical and political odds look much better for a significant Republican gain. Of the 36 governorships up this year, Democrats hold 26 and Republicans have 9. The other is held by Maine's retiring independent, James Longley.

With targets ranging from such industrial states as Connecticut, New York and Pennsylvania to nine Western states, the Republicans have more than their share of opportunities.

Help to Incumbents

The general prosperity in state budgets—allowing many governors to reduce taxes rather than raise them this year—may be of help to the incumbents. In Congress, the incumbents have built up enormous advantages in states like Texas, where six Democratic incumbents are retiring or running for other offices.

Politics is not as much a matter of numbers as of personalities, and this year's election has many colorful and important contests. Here are some that will draw attention:

- **Alabama**—Gov. George Wallace has three Democratic challengers for the seat of retiring Sen. John Sparkman, a Democrat, while three prominent Democrats, including ex-governor Albert Brewer, vie for the governorship.
- **Alaska**—Gov. Jay Hammond, a Republican, faces a rematch in the primary with ex-governor Walter Hickel, a Republican.
- **Arkansas**—A wholesale shuffle is in prospect as Gov. David Pryor, a Democrat, and Representative Ray Thornton and Jim Guy Tucker, both Democrats, seek the nomination for a vacant Senate seat.
- **California**—Gov. Edmund Brown Jr., a Democrat, although slipping in the polls, has no serious primary opposition. Polls show As-

In November Election Warm-Ups

Primary Races in U.S. Are Under Way

semblyman Kenneth Maddy moving up on the front-runners in the GOP primary, Attorney General Evelle Younger and Ed Davis, former Los Angeles police chief.

• **Connecticut**—Gov. Ella Grasso, a Democrat, has a nomination challenge from Lt. Gov. Robert Killian, a Democrat, and faces a serious GOP contender in the fall, probably Rep. Ronald Sarasin.

• **Illinois**—Gov. James Thompson, a Republican, is hoping to increase his presidential credentials in a re-election bid that may be bolstered by the presence on the ticket of Sen. Charles Percy, a Republican.

• **Maine**—Sen. William Hathaway, a Democrat, faces Rep. William Cohen, a Republican, in a classic contest between two very popular vote-getters.

• **Minnesota**—Both Senate seats and the governorship—all held by Democrats who inherited or were appointed to their jobs—were up and the state's down-trodden Republicans are challenging for all three.

• **Mississippi**—The retirement of Sen. James Eastland, a Democrat, has drawn out the best vote-getters in both parties, and the independent candidacy of civil rights

leader Charles Evers should make the fall contest a real race.

• **New Jersey**—Four-term Sen. Clifford Case, a Republican, has a conservative challenger in the primary and a possibly tough race from professional basketball player Bill Bradley, a Democrat, or manager-turned-candidate Richard Leone, a Democrat, in the fall.

• **New York**—Gov. Hugh Carey, a Democrat, faces Assembly Minority Leader Perry Duryea in a key fight whose outcome no one will guess.

• **North Carolina**—Conservative spokesman Sen. Jesse Helms, a Republican, has drawn a big field of Democratic opponents and he may need the large campaign fund he has raised for the general election.

• **Ohio**—Three-term Gov. James Rhodes, a Republican, appears a strong bet to overcome a primary challenge and the autumn candidacy of Lt. Gov. Richard Celeste, a Democrat.

• **Oregon**—The comeback bid of Tom McCall, a Republican, a maverick ex-governor, is a serious threat to Gov. Robert Straub, a Democrat.

• **Pennsylvania**—Both parties have spectacular primaries to choose a successor to Gov. Milton

Shapp, a Democrat, whose scandal-stained administration is the main target of all contenders. The Republicans include ousted U.S. attorney David Marston and former prosecutor Richard Thornburgh and Arlen Specter. The Democrats are former Pittsburgh mayor Pete Flaherty, former auditor Robert Casey and Lt. Gov. Ernest Kline.

• **South Carolina**—Sen. Strom Thurmond, a Republican, faces Charles (Fug) Ravenel, a Democrat, in what promises to be a close race.

• **Tennessee**—Senate Minority Leader Howard Baker Jr., a Republican, has minimal opposition so far in a race that will be a stepping-stone for his presidential ambitions.

• **Texas**—Gov. Dolph Briscoe, a Democrat, has all the opposition he can handle in the primary from Attorney General John Hill, a Democrat, but the Republicans will mount another major challenge in the fall. Sen. John Tower, a Republican, faces a strong opponent in the probable winner of the Democratic primary, Rep. Bob Krueger.

• **West Virginia**—Sen. Jennings Randolph, a Democrat, faces his toughest test in years from Arch Moore, a Republican and a former governor.

Growing Trend Among Young People

U.S. Experts Ponder Rise in Asexuality

By Georgia Dulles

NEW YORK, May 1 (NYT)—

Their sex lives never measure up to those superlative examples reported in the surveys. They are alternately intimidated and bored by the sex manuals. The truth is, they have stopped having sexual relations, at least for a while, although one hesitates to admit such a thing in the midst of a sexual revolution.

As a New York therapist said: "People will go on TV and talk for hours about their homosexuality or their bisexuality, but who wants to talk about their asexuality?"

Asexuality is, of course, a term used by the public, not the professionals, who stress that no one is truly asexual. However, the professionals acknowledge that the chief symptom of self-styled asexuals—a lack of interest in sexual intercourse—is being expressed with growing frequency at clinics around the country.

Discussed by Experts

Indeed, there was much discussion on "desire dysfunction" at last month's convention of the American Association of Sex Educators, Counselors and Therapists. According to Shirley Zussman, New York co-director and vice-president of the association, some members reported that a lack of desire seemed to be the prime problem with at least 50 per cent of their patients. In the past, she said, the most prevalent complaints were premature ejaculation, impotence and failure to achieve orgasm.

"Older people have always reported low interest for cultural, psychological and sometimes physical reasons," Mrs. Zussman said. "But now we're seeing more and more of this among young people, males and females in their late 20s and early 30s."

The experts are not sure if this means that more people are actually experiencing less desire for sex or simply that more people are willing to acknowledge it. Among proponents of the latter theory is sex therapist Dr. William Masters.

"We are seeing an increase of people with reduced sex interest," he noted at the Reproductive Biology Research Foundation in St. Louis, "but there more people are coming for help, period. At one time, who dared admit to impotency or to nonorgasm? Now that we're past that, people are coming in with other distresses. Not all sexual distresses have to do with facility of function."

Comforting Antidote

On the other hand, not everyone living the celibate life speaks of distress. For a number of single men and women interviewed, all in their late 20s or 30s, all with reasonably active sexual histories, a period without sex with a partner offers a comforting antidote to traumatic divorces, traumatic affairs, random sex and the pressure to score—in bed as well as on the job and on the tennis court.

"My ex-wife would never believe this, but I haven't slept with a woman for three, maybe four months," said an advertising salesman, who attributed his marital breakup to "her low sex drive, not mine." He added, "You might say I'm taking a sabbatical from sex now to sort out my feelings."

A divorced actress drifted into celibacy two years ago for much the same reason. "I had just broken up with another man and I thought, 'My God, when is this going to end? You know, you start out with something good, then, slowly, it be-

comes to unwind, and there you are back with the same old pain," she said.

Unlike most of those interviewed, she seemed to regard celibacy more as a way of life than a temporary shield. "My sexual appetite just fell away. It's like I no longer drink. I no longer smoke. I no longer take dope. I'm a vegetarian. I don't mean to equate sex with addiction, but it's not a bad analogy," she said.

Illness, Stress Cited

Other people spoke of losing interest in sex during periods of illness, stress or preoccupation with work. To their surprise, they felt ambivalent about becoming active again once those periods had passed.

"When you don't have it, you don't miss it," said a writer who gave up sexual relations because of surgery.

Contrary to popular belief, ab-

stinent men are not usually plagued by "consuming sexual appetites," according to Bernie Zilbergeld, a psychologist in the human-sexuality program at the University of California in San Francisco. "Abstinence need not rule out masturbation," he said.

Mr. Zilbergeld, whose new book, "Male Sexuality," includes interviews with men who found temporary abstinence instructive and even gratifying, said that the idea, however, is still too strange for most men. "With women, it's somewhat more permissible, but for a man it's still considered weird," he added.

Shere Hite, author of "The Hite Report," a book on female sexuality, said, "In the 60s, society began pushing and pressuring women into having sex. I think a lot of people were having more sex than they wanted. It's only natural to have a reaction in the opposite direction."

Head of Obscure U.S. Agency Gets Higher Pay Than Mondale

WASHINGTON, May 1 (UPI)—The head of an obscure, federally funded agency with only 11 employees is being paid as much as Vice-President Mondale and more than Cabinet officers or members of Congress.

Details of the pay scales for officials of the National Institute of Building Sciences, established by Congress in 1974, were made public by Sen. William Proxmire, D-Wis., during Senate appropriations subcommittee hearings held last week.

The salaries of the agency's top five officials—which range from \$75,000 to \$47,500—consume more than 14 per cent of its annual budget. The nonprofit institute was directed by Congress to promote new building technologies and standardized building codes and regulations.

Currently operating with a \$1.6-million budget, it is asking for \$2 million from Congress for fiscal 1979.

According to the information released at the Senate hearing, the president of the institute, Gene Brewer, 62, is paid \$75,000 a year—the same as the government pays Vice-President Mondale and Chief Justice Warren Burger.

The Civil Service Commission reports that Cabinet officers, such as Secretary of State Cyrus Vance, are paid \$66,000 a year. The institute pays its vice-president for policy and program planning \$60,000 a year. U.S. senators and congressmen make \$57,500. Robert Dillon, a spokesman for the institute, said that the salaries are justified because the institute's board of directors "wanted people of high caliber."

Since the institute was established as an independent corporation, it does not come under federal salary limitations.

Robert Debre, Pediatrician, Dies

PARIS, May 1 (AP)—Dr. Robert Debre, 95, considered the father of modern French pediatrics, has died, his family has announced.

Dr. Debre, the father of former French Prime Minister Michel Debre, wrote several key texts on childhood diseases, hygiene, bacteriology and immunology.

During his long tenure at the Hospital for Sick Children in Paris, he helped turn it into one of the most respected children's hospitals and research centers in Europe.

France decorated him with the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor, the War Cross and the Medal of the Resistance.

Married twice, Dr. Debre had nine children. He held honorary doctorates from 13 European and U.S. universities and was a member of several international academic societies.

Roman Karmen

MOSCOW, May 1 (AP)—Movie director Roman Karmen, 71, who was renowned for his front-line documentary films shot during the Spanish Civil War and World War

II, has died. Tass reported yesterday.

The Soviet news agency said that Mr. Karmen died on Thursday. No cause of death was given.

Mr. Karmen's documentaries on the 1936-39 Spanish war included a 20-installment film chronicle, "The Events in Spain."

During World War II, Mr. Karmen headed a large team of Soviet filmmakers who shot newsreels in the front lines.

Ben Gage

LOS ANGELES, May 1 (AP)—Entertainer Ben Gage, 63, whose baritone voice was featured in several big name bands, died Friday.

Mr. Gage was featured soloist for several bands until signing with NBC as a staff announcer in 1947. His radio shows were spiced with his own baritone solos.

He was married to film and swimming star Esther Williams for 14 years until their divorce in 1959.

Salim L. Lewis

NEW YORK, May 1 (UPI)—Salim L. Lewis, 69, the senior partner of Bear, Stearns, and Co., who was one of the two innovators of block trading, died yesterday after a brief illness.

Block trading, the process which allows the purchase or sale of large quantities of stock in a single transaction, revolutionized institutional equity trading.

Robert Beyer

NEW YORK, May 1 (AP)—Robert Beyer, 65, the retired managing partner of the accounting firm of Touche Ross and Co., and former president of the National Association of Accountants, died Friday at his home in Colorado Springs, Colo.

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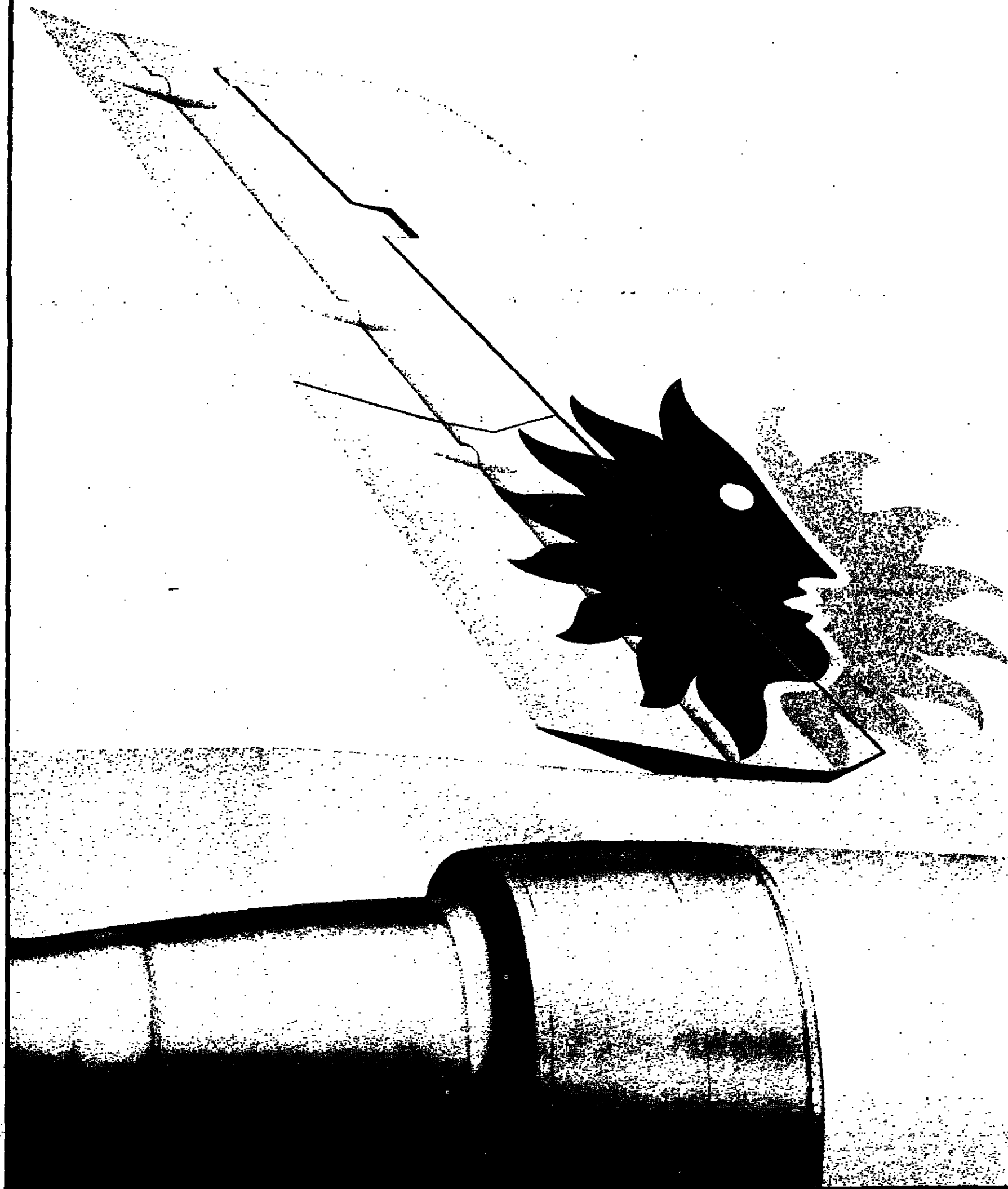
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How to Begin Debating SALT

There will be time enough in the weeks ahead to pick over the arms agreement that Presidents Carter and Brezhnev now have in sight. Before the Senate is finished weighing another SALT, or Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty, we shall all be counting missile tonnage and warheads in our sleep, or nightmares. We shall be debating what connections to make between a regulated competition in arms and unregulated competition for influence in Africa. We shall throw human rights into the stew of controversy, and wheat deals. It will be a royal debate. It would be a more wholesome debate if we took time first to rediscover the underlying U.S. consensus about relations with the Soviet Union. A wise administration would now promote such a discussion, to find a basis for evaluating SALT and also some coherence for its assorted diplomatic ventures.

We make this suggestion on the premise that a consensus exists, supporting both a vigorous defense against the Soviet Union and prudent collaboration with it. But that consensus is not well articulated by our leaders; indeed, they often risk undermining it by their tactical preoccupations. President Carter's main speeches about the Soviet Union have been banal and functional, sending veiled signals to the Russians about his human rights exertions or their African expeditions. This month will find a NATO assembly in Washington predictably emphasizing the Soviet military "threat" in Europe. Discussion of Rhodesia is shadowed by the fear of Soviet-Cuban intervention. Consideration of the Middle East is haunted by the fear of Soviet intrusion.

One need not make light of these concerns to suggest that the U.S. public's view of the Russians is broader than any of them. We suspect that thoughtful Americans generally think of Soviet society like this:

They abhor it as inhumane and disdain it as inefficient. They think it is ruled by a rigid bureaucracy and by old men with more worlds to protect than to conquer. The bureaucracy holds back economic progress and the old men have failed to win much stature at home or respect abroad — except by their command of impressive police and military power. Disturbingly, that military power keeps growing. Strategically it already offsets U.S. might; politically it now makes the Russians a force to be reckoned with in most

parts of the world. They use their power to serve national and imperial interests more clearly than any ideology. They seem more worried about protecting their Communist buffer zone in Eastern Europe and their vulnerable frontier against Communists in China; beyond that they promote their influence where they can — by undermining ours, by helping Marxists in Cuba or Ethiopia or anti-Communists in India or Egypt. Close to home they tolerate no potential danger; elsewhere they seem willing to win some, lose some.

In short, we think the Russians are seen by Americans as a disturbing force, particularly worrisome as U.S. power and influence have, relatively, diminished. But they are also seen as rational, responsive to calculations of costs and benefits. Simultaneously strong and vulnerable, they can be — and should be — both feared and bargained with.

Americans who challenge this consensus, either by urging major defense cutbacks or by opposing agreements of mutual benefit with the Russians, have not recently fared well in our politics. But the consensus embraces obvious ambiguity. It may not be able to withstand the cries of alarm or the over-selling of détente that SALT is likely to evoke. More than SALT could thus be lost unless we first reassert our shared assumptions about the Soviet Union and the place of arms agreements in the relationship. That should steel us against the idea that any conceivable treaty could fatally alter the world's balance of power; it would also protect us against the counterclaim that a treaty would significantly reduce the competition in arms or rivalry in other arenas.

All the Soviet-U.S. arms agreements have only channeled the weapons race out of some technologies and into others. They have thus been marginally useful in preventing even more frenzied weapons production on both sides. And they have been politically helpful by allowing rival strategists to confer to demystify the calculations of nuclear terror. The evolving agreement appears to conform to that modest pattern. It needs to be examined, of course, but that is best done against the background of our overall relations with the Soviet Union. The background, at this point, belongs in the foreground.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Breakthrough in Namibia

When five Western nations designed a plan to bring independence to Namibia, 58 years a South African colony, they did splendid work. Their plan offers all political elements in the twice-California-sized territory a fair share in a procedure for creating a government, and provides a United Nations framework in which this procedure can move forward. South Africa accepted the plan with a flourish, seeing in it its best chance both to insure itself a friendly and stable neighbor and to win some international credit for helping an independent Namibia emerge. The State Department, alert to an occasion where a carrot was due, termed Pretoria's acceptance "extraordinarily statesmanlike and constructive."

Pretoria's move puts substantial pressure on SWAPO, the group that's been trying to oust South Africa with guerrillas and UN resolutions and take power for itself. Doubts and divisions in SWAPO have made it hard for it to appear equally as moderate and cooperative. It had been led to believe, by the General Assembly, among others, that it could inherit all of Namibia, and it resists being limited to the share of power it might expect to win in elections. SWAPO, however, is not in the best position. Its guerrillas are years away from the effectiveness of, say, the

guerrillas fighting now in Rhodesia. South Africa is an immensely stronger adversary than Salisbury. Many other Africans see no good reason why the Namibian question cannot be wrapped up on the basis of the Western plan. If SWAPO does not take the chance being offered to climb aboard the UN independence train — the train already boarded by South Africa — it risks being left at the station.

Namibia is the No. 3 problem in southern Africa, after Rhodesia and South Africa itself. True, it is simpler than the other two. But any example of reasonably successful collaboration among the races or ethnic groups in that part of the world has great value: It gives courage and political ammunition to others who are making a similar effort. Just avoiding failure is a positive contribution. Moreover, people in southern Africa naturally wonder whether it does any good to have foreigners sticking their noses in. The jury has not yet convened in South Africa: It is still out in Rhodesia. But in Namibia the first returns are promising — even if SWAPO, or some part of it, finally decides to fight on rather than live with its countrymen in peace.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

French Communists' Debate

An extraordinary debate — to borrow a phrase used by the party press office itself — is now raging within the French Communist party. The tradition of the party, like that of other Communist parties — with the partial exception in recent times of the Italian one — is to wash its dirty linen behind doors not only closed but firmly bolted and barred. In the past month there has been an extraordinary proliferation of criticisms coming at once from leading intellectuals, from rank-and-file members, and even from quite senior party officials.

What is wrong? According to Jean Ellenstein, the party's best-known liberal or Eurocommunist intellectual, the trouble is that

the party has not carried far enough its espousal of democratic values and rejection of the Soviet model, announced officially at the 22d congress in February, 1976. The congress, the frequent promises of democracy and free expression, and the recent untaking of the party leader Georges Marchais that whatever happened no one would be expelled, have given party members the appetite and the courage to express their criticisms openly, while the contradiction between these promises and the mysterious, secretive way in which policy is made and then handed down to militants who are expected to explain it to the voters is too glaring not to provoke comment.

—From the Times (London)

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago May 2, 1903

PARIS—Great Britain's King Edward VII yesterday made his state entrance into the French capital. The weather was in every way "king's weather," and the function brought out the citizens of Paris in their tens and hundreds of thousands. This visit, however, is not just a visit of protocol. If England and France can establish some kind of agreement of friendship, then the future of Europe, even the world, would be affected in a positive way.

Fifty Years Ago May 2, 1928

WASHINGTON—Swollen by recent heavy rains and the sudden melting of snow in the mountains, the Potomac River is threatening to overflow its banks and flood Washington. The lower quarters of the capital are particularly in danger. At Great Falls, 9 miles above Washington, the Potomac is 20 feet above its normal level and is rising at the rate of approximately 6 inches an hour. The tributaries of the river have already overflowed their banks.



Island Separatists Confront Portugal

By Ken Pottinger

LISBON—Portugal is having trouble with its islands. Or rather, with breakaway movements on the Azores and Madeira islands, the first nearly 1,000 miles and the second 350 miles out in the Atlantic.

As with Spanish Canary Island separatists, based in Algeria, the Portuguese movements want complete independence from the mainland. While not enjoying the North African support that the Canary separatists get, Azorean and Madeiran home-based movements are highly vocal and reportedly backed by moral and financial aid from emigrants.

For the past four years the two groups have waged a campaign of terror and are blamed for a wave of bombings, arson and riots in the two strategic Portuguese possessions.

Illegal

Known in the Azores as FLA, Front for the Liberation of the Azores, and in Madeira as FLA, Front for the Liberation of Madeira, both groups are illegal and, although independent of each other, are believed to have loose links.

Separatist demands were brought sharply into focus recently by the most serious provocation yet in the Azores. FLA supporters were accused of beating up a top central government minister during the minister's four-day visit to the archipelago.

The ruling Socialist-conservative alliance, dominated by Mario

Soares's Socialists, seized on the incident to draw battle lines with the Social Democrats, Portugal's major opposition party.

The Social Democrats (PSD) control regionally autonomous governments in both Madeira and the Azores. Officially the PSD, bitter opponent of the present government, gives no encouragement to either of the banned independence movements and has formally denounced their activities.

But at best the islands' administrations stand accused of vacillation in squashing separatist activities and at worst of secret connivance with the extremists — who are a useful weapon against the central government.

The PSD won 60 per cent of the vote in Madeira and 54 per cent in the Azores in the general elections of 1976. The island parties are considerably more conservative than their mainland counterpart.

With a strong power base on the islands and in the conservative north of Portugal, the PSD is seen as a growing electoral threat to the Socialists in the scheduled 1980 elections.

Power Conflict

The power conflict between the Socialists and their main opposition is a major factor in the unrest on the islands, neglected for hundreds of years by both democratic and dictatorial governments.

The 1976 Constitution made Madeira and the Azores "autonomous regions with their own politico-ad-

ministrative statutes," but realization of this goal has been slow.

The islands accuse the central government of playing politics and dragging its heels with financial and developmental aid.

The government says that it is doing its best, but party politics are evident all along the way.

Alvaro Cunhal, Portugal's pro-Moscow Communist leader, has gone as far as accusing the Social Democrats of blatantly manipulating feelings on the islands whenever "strategists at Lisbon party headquarters" judge it expedient to do so.

The Communists have less support even than the Socialists, on either archipelago.

The broad party conflict clearly reflected in the general situation in the islands is fertile ground for separatist agitation. And recent developments in the Azores could provide some basis for concern.

FLA supporters won student elections in local high school councils while FLA leader Jose de Almeida was warning of an armed uprising if Lisbon did not immediately negotiate for independence.

Protest Role

In spite of presidential warnings that any such attempts would be vigorously suppressed, and threats of prosecution against de Almeida, he reportedly played a role in demonstrations against police reinforcements flown in after the recent attack on the government minister.

The Azores extremists are said to be backed by the million Azoreans living in the United States and

Finland: 30 Years After Soviet Treaty

By Joe Brady

HELSINKI—In the past six months, Finland has celebrated two important anniversaries: 60 years of independence in December and, in the spring of this year, 30 years of the treaty of friendship, cooperation and mutual assistance between Finland and the Soviet Union.

The anniversary of the treaty was marked by a trip to Moscow by Finnish Premier Kalevi Sorsa, while Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko visited Helsinki for the celebrations at this end.

It became popular in the early 1970s to denigrate Helsinki's special relationship with Moscow, the conventional wisdom being that Finland's freedom of expression and action were fettered by the ties that had been established in the postwar years through the commitments of the treaty. The Finns have always felt that the term "Finlandization" was unfair to them if only because it implied that they were unique in having to take into account the presence of a vastly more powerful neighbor on their doorstep.

Exigencies

But Finland's detractors overlooked the exigencies borne by a small nation that finds itself in a politically sensitive location. Finland accepted the realities of living beside the world's second most powerful state and embraced a treaty which recognized the individual interests of both signatories and the desirability of burying past suspicion and animosity. This was, of course, a turning point in Finland's history but no more exceptional than the reconciliation that took place between West Germany and the NATO allies.

But it has to be admitted that amid the sometimes syncretic approval of 30 years of increasing involvement — political, commer-

Circumstances

It is instructive to recall the circumstances that had surrounded this country's relations with the Soviet Union before 1948.

That independence was granted by Russia in 1917 was an enigma. That it survived the trauma of the Finnish-Soviet belligerence of the early 1940s was another. Lenin's thinking in 1917 may have been that, while paying lip service to the principle of the self-determination of peoples formerly under Czarist jurisdiction, such as the Finns, in the post-revolutionary period narrow concepts like nationalism would become irrelevant and outmoded, and Finnish independence would be reduced to the tribal kinship of a peripheral people living within a Soviet sphere of influence.

But what the Finns had in mind was full sovereignty. The threat to independent Finland's integrity was greatest in the aftermath of World War II. Finland had been involved in a risky association with the forces of the Third Reich in the fighting against the Soviet Army in the snows of Karelia. Later, after the Germans had been expelled from Finland, at Soviet bidding, and the fighting was over, the Russians exacted their toll from the Finns for the latter's folly. Finland's bravura was met with a Soviet invoice that included massive reparations to be paid chiefly in metal and engineering goods. The political price was the loss of large pieces of territory, the displacement of 400,000 people and the trial and conviction of Finnish leaders deemed responsible for the joint operation with Nazi Germany.

A Third War

Refusal to bring their own leaders to book would have led the Finns into a third war with the Soviet Army, as President Kekkonen recalled in a speech last year. Finland undoubtedly chose the wise course. The Finnish-Soviet bloodbaths had not been skirmishes on the Anglo-Irish scale. By 1944, the combined death toll ran into hundreds of thousands.

Subsequently, in 1948 Finland signed the friendship treaty with the erstwhile arch-enemy, more in recognition of geopolitical realities than fraternal reconciliation. To reject the prospect of a treaty, provided it was one that preserved Finnish sovereignty, would have been politically frivolous in the extreme. Subsequent Finnish governments have consolidated the philosophy that formally good relations with the Soviet Union serve the interests of this country better than the mutual animosity of the past.

The new thinking was canonized in the treaty, though, arguably, not in the hearts of the people. But when nationhood is at stake, self-preservation beats impartiality any day.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address. The Herald Tribune cannot acknowledge letters sent to the editor.

Paris Crowd Has a Ball U.S.-Style

By Hebe Dorsey

PARIS, May 1 (IHT)—Paris Mayor Jacques Chirac danced with the Comtesse de Paris (who would be queen of France if France had a monarchy), but guess who opened the April in Paris ball? Mr. and Mrs. Ben Berkey of Scarsdale, N.Y.

That, in a way, tells the story of the first Paris version of the New York-based charity ball, held last week at the George V Hotel. Unaware of protocol and etiquette, and who cared anyway, some 100 American party-lovers, who had flown in by Concorde for the occasion, took over the evening and really had a ball. The chic but reserved French crowd, who usually sit and stare, got caught up in the act. Moving with the flow, they, too, got up and danced and generally behaved as if they were having a good time.

The last-minute arrival of Mr. Chirac, whose route is usually strictly political, also added to the excitement and the mixture of people gave the party added zest. Sir Charles Forte, owner of Trust Houses, which includes the George V, had flown over from London with his wife and daughter. He said: "I'm delighted with the party. This is one of the most elegant evenings I've ever been to."

He liked it so well, he said he would like the ball to be held also in London.

Sir Charles helped Mrs. Chirac cut a three-foot-wide, pink-and-white birthday cake to celebrate the hotel's 50th anniversary.

Chestnuts in Bloom

The blue-and-gold Vendome ballroom of the George V was filled to capacity with some 430, \$150-a-head guests and "We had to return 150 checks," said Claude Philippe, who has been organizing the ball for 27 years. To fit with the ball's name, the decor consisted of chestnuts in bloom and softy lit white birches.

Director Andre Sonier had done an outstanding job. He had specially woven silk tablecloths made. He also delivered a superb meal and first-class service by closing down room service to a minimum, so that he had a fleet of waiters keeping the champagne flowing all the time. Women guests made an appropriately big entrance down an



FUN AND POLITICS at the April in Paris ball. At left, Mrs. Ben Berkey of Scarsdale, N.Y., whoops it up on dance floor,



while at another part of the ballroom, Paris Mayor Jacques Chirac talks to feather-clad Laura Johnson of New York City.

imposing stairway opening into a cocktail area, decorated with schmaltzy pictures of Paris and livened up by equally schmaltzy Paris tunes, played by a trio of violinists.

A lot of women had stuck flowers in their hair. The most outlandish was Laura Johnson of New York, who was wrapped with sharp green feathers like some giant arant out of the Brazilian jungle.

Whereas Frenchwomen usually outstage American when it comes to dressing, this time the picture was quite different and the evening did credit to American designers, whose talent now clearly has to be reckoned with. Some of the most outstanding dresses around were signed Mary McFadden, who is a great American purist. Her simple, pleated column dresses were worn by two women, Mrs. Fred Supper

of Greenwich, Conn., and Palm Beach, Fla., who had it in champagne color, and Mrs. Robert Gardine, who wore her salmon one with exceptional, imperial jade jewels.

Mrs. Stephen (Mary) Sanford, president of the ball's American committee and queen bee of Palm Beach, also looked good in a three-tiered Scarsi gown. Two days earlier, at Maxim's, she was easily the best-dressed woman in the room in a snappy, black silk dress, wrapped around and held at the nape with a white carnella, also by Scarsi, "who does all my dresses," she said.

On the French side, one of the most elegant tables was that of the Duchesse de la Rochefoucauld, Paris's hostess with the most, who was wearing white lace and an ostrich boa. At her table, Mrs. J.C. Aaron, (whose husband built the Tour Montparnasse) also looked

regal in a high-necked, embroidered Guy Laroche dress. Petite Mrs. Chirac wore a gold and red Chanel, and Andree de Vilmorin floated in a pretty cloud of pink chiffon.

The last guests left after 3 a.m., but many went on to paint Paris red. The earlier part of the week had been a nonstop party for the fun-loving Americans, who came up to their big spenders' reputation. The George V ran out of limousines, the cashier's desk did a brisk business and the concierge's desk fell apart trying to sort out the flowers and candy boxes.

Embassy Tea

Besides private affairs, including a tea-party at the American Embassy residence, the Americans also kept up a mad champagne whirl with parties at Maxim's, La Tour d'Argent, Ledoyen and Le Coq Hardi.

Mrs. John (Brownie) McLean of Palm Beach, co-president of the American committee, was one of the most fun people around. The last of the platinum blondes, she looks as if she had been born in black sequins and is probably the only woman in the world to have turned down a huge diamond. But it happened to be the Hope diamond, which, "as a young bride, my husband gave me," she said. "But I wouldn't even look at it, it brought bad luck. I know it for a fact." To get rid of it, she finally gave it to the Smithsonian Institution.

With the April in Paris ball, the Paris season is off to a good start after several dim months. Charity fared well, too. Mrs. Sanford, in a short, thank-you speech, announced at the ball that all the evening's profits (which may run over \$30,000) would stay in France. As for Jacques Chirac, he, too, put his ear in and asked Claude Philippe if his favorite charity, the Claude Pompidou Foundation, could be included next year.

Opera

Sense of Theater Lacking In British TV 'Falstaff'

By Henry Pleasants

LONDON, May 1 (IHT)—There may never be an end to debate about the various approaches to televising opera, if only because what is televised, with rare exceptions such as Benjamin Britten's "Owen Wingrave," was not conceived for television.

One can simply go into an opera house, set up lights and cameras, and film a live performance, as BBC-TV has done successfully with the Royal Opera at Covent Garden in the past two years, and as PBS did recently with the Met's "Rigoletto" in New York. Or one can devise a studio production with the cast miming to pre-recorded sound, the approach favored on the Continent. This has been improved upon by BBC-TV through a method of using two studios to film and record simultaneously, thus eliminating the usually obvious and disturbing lip-syncing of Continental productions.

Southampton-based Southern Television has hit upon a curious variant in its televising of a series of Glyndebourne productions, of which the most recent, the 1976 "Falstaff," was aired on Independent Television Saturday night.

Without Theater

What we saw and heard was a live performance of the Jean-Pierre Ponnelle production in the little theater at Glyndebourne, but filmed by Dave Heather in such a way as to eliminate—except for audible applause at the end of the acts—the viewers' sense of being in the theater or of participating in a theatrical experience.

There was no visible evidence of audience, orchestra or theater. The effect was that of a theater used as a studio, and seemed to represent a willful and gratuitous sacrifice of that sense of presence in a theater which is so important an element in the enjoyment and appreciation of opera. It was, in short, the very antithesis of what Ingmar Bergman sought and achieved with "The Magic Flute" in making a studio production seem to be taking place in a theater.

What we got was a film of the Ponnelle "Falstaff," with all the many virtues and many iniquities noted at Glyndebourne two years ago, with the splendid cast headed by Donald Gramm in the title role, and with a vivid account of the orchestral score by the London Philharmonic under John Pritchard. Most of the iniquities stem from Ponnelle's familiar reluctance ever to leave undone anything that ought not to be done, as for instance, providing Falstaff with an

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Wine in France

A 'Typical' Tasting Society—Created by Women

By Jon Winokur

PARIS, May 1 (IHT)—The grand council of the order stood impressively clad in black velvet capes with white silk scarves as the candidates for induction were called up. One by one they were obliged to answer tricky questions on the serving of white and red wines while commenting on one of each before the assembled dignitaries.

A typical wine-society initiation scene? Yes, but a wine society with a difference. Every member of the council and the first initiates were women.

As Odette Kahn, president and founder of the Order of the Duchess Anne (and editor of La Revue du Vin de France and Cuisine et Vins de France), put it:

"Women are not made members of this order because their hus-

bands are already in it, as with so many other orders (when they are not exclusively male). They are accepted as knowledgeable tasters in their own right.

"We are not 'feminists.' We don't want to be separate from men, quite the contrary. But this is a feminine-oriented order, created and run by women, to honor women tasters, both French and foreign.

"That's the reason for the feminine touches: an orchid pinned to the left shoulder of each member, male or female. In place of the traditional sword, I chose a flowering branch to dub women as dames and men as knights of the order."

Choice Explained

The inaugural chapter of the Order of the Duchess Anne was held a few days ago at the Pavillon d'Armenonville in the Bois de Boulogne. In her opening talk Mrs. Kahn explained the choice of 15th-century Anne de Bretagne as a symbol of feminine authority in the arts of the table. She was a strong-willed, popular sovereign of an independent Brittany and then an equally popular Queen of France as the wife first of Charles VIII as well as of his successor, Louis XII.

Her own table was sumptuous but she also defended the interests of her humblest subjects by vigorously suppressing fraud in winemaking and other food processing during her long reigns.

The order that bears her name would seem to be equally dedicated to the defense of quality in, and the diffusion of knowledge about, French wines. The questions asked of the candidates were not the usual perfunctory ones but required experience and genuine connois-

seurship to come up with the right answers.

For instance, was the white wine served the candidates (Leon Beyer's 1976 Cuvee des Ecailleurs Riesling)

TV Guidance For Children

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 1 (UPI)—A program to teach children how to become discriminating television watchers is being designed by two Yale University psychology professors with money provided by a TV network.

Prof. Dorothy and Jerome Singer say they want to help children understand visual effects and make the difference between commercials and fantasy, between programs and reality.

A Yale spokesman said the eight-lesson course and manual could become part of the public school curriculum and available to about 10 million children in grades 3 through 5.

The Singers, co-directors of Yale's Family Television and Research Consultation Center, are using \$100,000 from the American Broadcasting Companies.

at the right temperature and, if not, at what temperature should it ideally be served? (No, it was a bit too cold. The ideal temperature for dry white is 8-10 degrees centigrade.)

Filling a Glass

Or, to what level should a glass be filled with wine? (Between one-third and one-half, in order to leave room for the bouquet to develop and be trapped in the upper part of the glass.)

Another difficult one was what vegetables do not go with wine? (Salads made with vinegar, asparagus, artichokes.)

The answers were generally furnished without hesitation by the various candidates, several wives of shippers, growers or restaurateurs. Although a few women growers and restaurateurs are among the "dignitaries" of the order, it is hoped that more such hard-working and innovative women restaurateurs as Christiane Massia (of Le Restaurant du Marche and L'Aquaine), Dominique Nahmias (of L'Olympe), Michele Cance (of Chez Serge in Saint-Ouen) will become members in future chapters.

And why not Francoise Castex (Caves Petrisiennes), the only woman wine merchant in Paris?

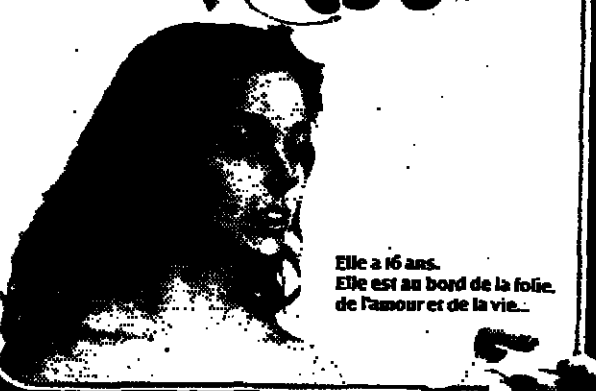
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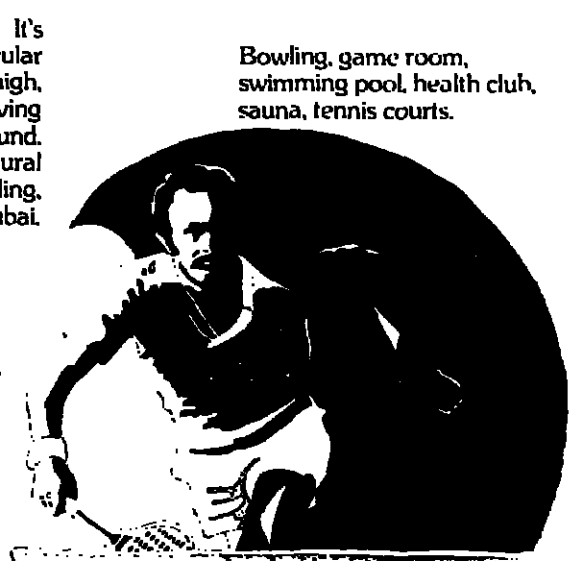
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Stocks Rise On Wall St.

(Continued from Page 9)

added incentive in grains and beans.

Soybean oil moved nervously and irregularly with selling spurred by improved conditions for fieldwork and a pause in vegetable oil export inquiry. Offsetting considerations included advances in nearby soybean deliveries and continued expectations that the export demand will improve.

Lacking direction from London, closed for the day, cocoa futures put in a featureless performance.

Copper futures drifted modestly lower. A lack of outside interest proved to be enough to keep silver futures lower. The market also generally lacked new direction due to the European holiday. Gold ended lower on light pressure from speculative interests.

Sugar closed higher on late commission-house and short-covering raising some early profit-taking on technical considerations.

Coffee, meanwhile, advanced despite lack of new bullish fundamentals. News that El Salvador had re-entered the world market as sellers after a two-month absence had little impact.

High Liquidity Seen Buoying German Shares

NEW YORK, May 1 (AP)—West German stock prices may continue to drift, but high liquidity among professional investors will prevent a sharp downturn, according to Fritz Loskow, Commerzbank's chief of securities trading.

For example, overall assets of West German insurance companies are placed at 200 billion Deutsche marks. Although insurers normally invest only a small percentage of portfolios in equities (about 4.5 percent currently), the country's tax reform has made stocks very attractive on a yield basis. Even a half-point increase in their holdings could have a significant impact on equity prices.

Gerhard Eberstadt, an officer of Dresdner Bank's investment management subsidiary, believes that several sectors—construction, machinery and electrical goods—have better 1978 prospects than are generally recognized.

Another Frankfurt banker says that several U.S. pension funds are poised to seek portfolio diversification abroad. Owing to Morgan Guaranty's major push in this direction (it invests globally for some 530 pension clients), trustees of other pension accounts reportedly feel compelled to follow suit. That, in turn, could bolster prices of European equities.

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Chief Marketing Manager (Cement),
State Trading Corporation of India Ltd.,
Chandralok, 36 Janpath, New Delhi, India.
Cables: ESTICI, NEW DELHI.
Telex: 2167, 2168 & 3057.

(Continued on Page 11)

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION TO THE HOLDERS OF

Ente Nazionale per l'Energia Elettrica (ENEL)

(Italian National Electric Energy Agency)

Guaranteed Floating Rate Loan Notes 1980

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to the Fiscal Agency Agreement dated May 27, 1970, there has been selected for redemption on May 31, 1978, through operation of the Sinking Fund, \$10,000,000 principal

amount of Ente Nazionale per l'Energia Elettrica (ENEL) Guaranteed Floating Rate Loan Notes 1980. The following are the serial numbers of the Loan Notes which will be redeemed, in whole or in part:

Loan Notes in the principal amount of \$1,000 bearing the prefix M to be redeemed in whole.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 22 | 5018 | 7850 | 10506 | 12670 | 14305 | 17429 | 19647 | 22051 | 23919 | 25391 | 26634 | 28181 | 29489 | 33025 | 34009 | 35218 | 36413 | 37688 | 39355 | 40587 | 41882 | 42906 | 44640 | 46083 | 47079 | 48724 | 49977 | 50814 | 51337 | 51920 | 52382 | 54906 | 55899 | 56944 | 58010 | 60345 | 61732 | 62510 | 62944 | 64448 | 65078 | 65977 | |
| 23 | 2386 | 5037 | 7852 | 10525 | 12686 | 14316 | 17430 | 19659 | 22063 | 23931 | 25395 | 26638 | 28184 | 29492 | 33028 | 34012 | 35221 | 36416 | 37691 | 39358 | 40590 | 41885 | 42909 | 44644 | 46087 | 47083 | 48728 | 49981 | 50818 | 51341 | 51924 | 52386 | 54910 | 55903 | 56948 | 58014 | 60349 | 61736 | 62514 | 62948 | 64452 | 65082 | 65981 |
| 24 | 2390 | 5041 | 7856 | 10529 | 12690 | 14320 | 17434 | 19663 | 22067 | 23935 | 25399 | 26642 | 28188 | 29496 | 33032 | 34016 | 35225 | 36420 | 37695 | 39362 | 40594 | 41889 | 42913 | 44648 | 46091 | 47087 | 48732 | 49985 | 50822 | 51345 | 51928 | 52390 | 54914 | 55907 | 56952 | 58018 | 60353 | 61740 | 62518 | 62952 | 64456 | 65086 | 65985 |
| 25 | 2394 | 5045 | 7860 | 10533 | 12694 | 14324 | 17438 | 19667 | 22071 | 23939 | 25403 | 26646 | 28192 | 29500 | 33036 | 34020 | 35229 | 36424 | 37700 | 39366 | 40598 | 41893 | 42917 | 44652 | 46095 | 47091 | 48736 | 49989 | 50826 | 51349 | 51932 | 52394 | 54918 | 55911 | 56956 | 58022 | 60357 | 61744 | 62522 | 62956 | 64460 | 65090 | 65989 |
| 26 | 2398 | 5049 | 7864 | 10537 | 12698 | 14328 | 17442 | 19671 | 22075 | 23943 | 25407 | 26650 | 28196 | 29504 | 33040 | 34024 | 35233 | 36428 | 37704 | 39370 | 40602 | 41897 | 42921 | 44656 | 46099 | 47095 | 48740 | 49993 | 50830 | 51353 | 51936 | 52398 | 54922 | 55915 | 56960 | 58026 | 60361 | 61752 | 62530 | 62960 | 64464 | 65094 | 65993 |
| 27 | 2402 | 5053 | 7868 | 10541 | 12702 | 14332 | 17446 | 19675 | 22079 | 23947 | 25411 | 26654 | 28196 | 29508 | 33044 | 34028 | 35237 | 36432 | 37708 | 39374 | 40606 | 41901 | 42925 | 44660 | 46103 | 47099 | 48744 | 49997 | 50834 | 51357 | 51940 | 52402 | 54926 | 55919 | 56964 | 58030 | 60365 | 61756 | 62534 | 62964 | 64468 | 65098 | 65997 |
| 28 | 2406 | 5057 | 7872 | 10545 | 12706 | 14336 | 17450 | 19679 | 22083 | 23951 | 25415 | 26658 | 28200 | 29512 | 33048 | 34032 | 35241 | 36436 | 37712 | 39378 | 40610 | 41905 | 42929 | 44664 | 46107 | 47103 | 48748 | 49999 | 50838 | 51361 | 51944 | 52406 | 54930 | 55923 | 56968 | 58034 | 60369 | 61760 | 62538 | 62968 | 64472 | 65102 | 66001 |
| 29 | 2410 | 5061 | 7876 | 10549 | 12710 | 14340 | 17454 | 19683 | 22087 | 23955 | 25419 | 26662 | 28204 | 29516 | 33052 | 34036 | 35245 | 36440 | 37716 | 39382 | 40614 | 41909 | 42933 | 44668 | 46111 | 47107 | 48752 | 50001 | 50840 | 51365 | 51948 | 52410 | 54934 | 55927 | 56972 | 58038 | 60373 | 61764 | 62536 | 62972 | 64476 | 65106 | 66005 |
| 30 | 2414 | 5065 | 7880 | 10553 | 12714 | 14344 | 17458 | 19687 | 22091 | 23959 | 25423 | 26666 | 28208 | 29520 | 33056 | 34040 | 35249 | 36444 | 37720 | 39386 | 40618 | 41913 | 42937 | 44672 | 46115 | 47111 | 48756 | 50005 | 50844 | 51369 | 51952 | 52414 | 54938 | 55931 | 56976 | 58042 | 60377 | 61768 | 62538 | 62976 | 64480 | 65110 | 66009 |
| 31 | 2418 | 5069 | 7884 | 10557 | 12718 | 14348 | 17462 | 19691 | 22095 | 23963 | 25427 | 26670 | 28212 | 29524 | 33060 | 34044 | 35253 | 36448 | 37724 | 39390 | 40622 | 41917 | 42941 | 44676 | 46119 | 47115 | 48760 | 50009 | 50848 | 51373 | 51956 | 52418 | 54942 | 55935 | 56980 | 58046 | 60381 | 61772 | 62540 | 62980 | 64484 | 65114 | 66013 |
| 32 | 2422 | 5073 | 7888 | 10561 | 12722 | 14352 | 17466 | 19695 | 22099 | 23967 | 25431 | 26674 | 28216 | 29528 | 33064 | 34048 | 35257 | 36452 | 37728 | 39394 | 40626 | 41921 | 42945 | 44680 | 46123 | 47119 | 48764 | 50013 | 50848 | 51377 | 51960 | 52422 | 54946 | 55939 | 56984 | 58050 | 60385 | 61776 | 62542 | 62984 | 64488 | 65118 | 66017 |
| 33 | 2426 | 5077 | 7892 | 10565 | 12726 | 14356 | 17470 | 19699 | 22103 | 23971 | 25435 | 26678 | 28220 | 29532 | 33068 | 34052 | 35261 | 36456 | 37732 | 39398 | 40630 | 41925 | 42949 | 44684 | 46127 | 47123 | 48768 | 50017 | 50852 | 51381 | 51964 | 52426 | 54950 | 55943 | 56988 | 58054 | 60390 | 61780 | 62546 | 62988 | 64492 | 65122 | 66021 |
| 34 | 2430 | 5081 | 7896 | 10569 | 12730 | 14360 | 17474 | 19703 | 22107 | 23975 | 25439 | 26682 | 28224 | 29536 | 33072 | 34056 | 35265 | 36460 | 37736 | 39402 | 40634 | 41929 | 42953 | 44688 | 46131 | 47127 | 48772 | 50021 | 50856 | 51385 | 51968 | 52430 | 54954 | 55947 | 56992 | 58060 | 60395 | 61784 | 62548 | 62992 | 64496 | 65126 | 66025 |
| 35 | 2434 | 5085 | 7900 | 10573 | 12734 | 14364 | 17478 | 19707 | 22111 | 23979 | 25443 | 26686 | 28228 | 29540 | 33076 | 34060 | 35269 | 36464 | 37740 | 39406 | 40638 | 41933 | 42957 | 44692 | 46135 | 47131 | 48776 | 50025 | 50856 | 51389 | 51972 | 52434 | 54958 | 55951 | 56996 | 58064 | 60400 | 61788 | 62550 | 62996 | 64496 | 65130 | 66029 |
| 36 | 2438 | 5089 | 7904 | 10577 | 12738 | 14368 | 17482 | 19711 | 22115 | 23983 | 25447 | 26690 | 28232 | 29544 | 33080 | 34064 | 35273 | 36468 | 37744 | 39410 | 40642 | 41937 | 42961 | 44696 | 46139 | 47135 | 48780 | 50029 | 50856 | 51393 | 51976 | 52438 | 54962 | 55955 | 57000 | 58068 | 60404 | 61792 | 62554 | 63000 | 64500 | 65134 | 66033 |
| 37 | 2442 | 5093 | 7908 | 10581 | 12742 | 14372 | 17486 | 19715 | 22119 | 23987 | 25451 | 26694 | 28236 | 29548 | 33084 | 34068 | 35277 | 36472 | 37748 | 39414 | 40646 | 41941 | 42965 | 44700 | 46143 | 47139 | 48784 | 50033 | 50860 | 51397 | 51980 | 52442 | 54966 | 55959 | 57004 | 58072 | 60408 | 61796 | 62558 | 63004 | 64504 | 65138 | 66037 |
| 38 | 2446 | 5097 | 7912 | 10585 | 12746 | 14376 | 17490 | 19719 | 22123 | 23991 | 25455 | 26698 | 28240 | 29552 | 33088 | 34072 | 35281 | 36476 | 37752 | 39418 | 40650 | 41945 | 42969 | 44704 | 46147 | 47143 | 48788 | 50037 | 50864 | 51401 | 51984 | 52446 | 54970 | 55963 | 57008 | 58076 | 60412 | 61800 | 62562 | 63008 | 64508 | 65142 | 66041 |
| 39 | 2450 | 5101 | 7916 | 10589 | 12750 | 14380 | 17494 | 19723 | 22127 | 23995 | 25459 | 26702 | 28244 | 29556 | 33092 | 34076 | 35285 | 36480 | 37756 | 39422 | 40654 | 41949 | 42973 | 44708 | 46151 | 47147 | 48792 | 50041 | 50868 | 51405 | 51988 | 52450 | 54974 | 55967 | 57012 | 58080 | 60416 | 61804 | 62566 | 63012 | 64512 | 65146 | 66045 |
| 40 | 2454 | 5105 | 7920 | 10593 | 12754 | 14384 | 17498 | 19727 | 22131 | 23999 | 25463 | 26706 | 28248 | 29560 | 33096 | 34080 | 35289 | 36484 | 37760 | 39426 | 40658 | 41953 | 42977 | 44712 | 46155 | 47151 | 48796 | 50045 | 50868 | 51409 | 51992 | 52454 | 54978 | 55969 | 57016 | 58084 | 60420 | 61808 | 62570 | 63016 | 64516 | 65150 | 66049 |
| 41 | 2458 | 5109 | 7924 | 10597 | 12758 | 14388 | 17502 | 19731 | 22135 | 24003 | 25467 | 26710 | 28252 | 29564 | 33100 | 34084 | 35293 | 36488 | 37764 | 39430 | 40662 | 41957 | 42981 | 44716 | 46159 | 47155 | 48796 | 50049 | 50872 | 51413 | 51996 | 52458 | 54982 | 55971 | 57020 | 58088 | 60424 | 61812 | 62574 | 63020 | 64520 | 65154 | 66053 |
| 42 | 2462 | 5113 | 7928 | 10601 | 12762 | 14392 | 17506 | 19735 | 22139 | 24007 | 25471 | 26714 | 28256 | 29568 | 33104 | 34088 | 35297 | 36492 | 37768 | 39434 | 40666 | 41961 | 42985 | 44720 | 46163 | 47159 | 48800 | 50053 | 50876 | 51417 | 52000 | 52462 | 54986 | 55975 | 57024 | 58092 | 60428 | 61816 | 62578 | 63024 | 64524 | 65158 | 66057 |
| 43 | 2466 | 5117 | 7932 | 10605 | 12766 | 14396 | 17510 | 19739 | 22143 | 24011 | 25475 | 26718 | 28260 | 29572 | 33108 | 34092 | 35299 | 36496 | 37772 | 39438 | 40670 | 41965 | 42989 | 44724 | 46167 | 47163 | 48804 | 50057 | 50880 | 51421 | 52004 | 52466 | 54990 | 55979 | 57028 | 58096 | 60432 | 61820 | 62582 | 63028 | 64528 | 65162 | 66061 |
| 44 | 2470 | 5121 | 7936 | 10609 | 12770 | 14400 | 17514 | 19743 | 22147 | 24015 | 25479 | 26722 | 28264 | 29576 | 33112 | 34096 | 35301 | 36496 | 37776 | 39442 | 40674 | 41969 | 42993 | 44728 | 46169 | 47167 | 48808 | 50059 | 50884 | 51425 | 5200 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(Continued on Page 14)

PEANUTS



**B
E**

**B
A**

RE



Reviewed by George Alexander

3 KQ4 6372
 4 AKQJ10865 49743
 SOUTH (D)
 475
 7AQJ97432
 683
 42

North and South were vulnerable. The bidding:

| | | | |
|-------|------|-------|------|
| South | West | North | East |
| South | 5♣ | 6♥ | Pass |
| Pass | 7♣ | Pass | Pass |
| Pass | Pass | Pass | Pass |

West led the diamond king.

South had reasonable prospects of making seven hearts, since West's bidding overreached the

three top spades to discard his remaining diamond. It was almost certain that East would follow to three rounds of spades and that West would be unable to ruff. The danger of anyone ruffing the third round of spades was much less than the danger of East holding more than three spades.

If South had made his contract in this fashion, East would have been left wondering whether he could have confused the issue effectively by putting up the ace of king as the second trick, causing South to think that the remaining trump was a

On the diagrammed deal North passed seven clubs, a forcing pass indicating a willingness to play a grand slam. South accepted the invitation, reckoning that his expectations from a borderline grand slam would be better than from defending seven clubs doubled and taking a small penalty. In such circumstances the normal odds for grand slam bidding are completely transformed: A 20 per cent chance of bringing home a vulnerable grand slam is better than a sure penalty of 300 points.

NORTH

| | |
|---------|--|
| ♠AKQ942 | |
| ♥A5 | |
| ♦A10983 | |
| ♣ | |

WEST

| | | | |
|----------|--------|---|---|
| ♠ | ♥ | ♦ | ♣ |
| 43 | AK1086 | | |
| 10 | K8 | | |
| KQ4 | J72 | | |
| AKQ10865 | 8743 | | |

SOUTH (D)

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ♠75 | |
| ♥AQJ97432 | |
| ♦85 | |
| ♣2 | |

North and South were vulnerable. The bidding:

| | | | |
|-------|------|-------|------|
| South | West | North | East |
| 4♣ | 5♣ | 6♥ | Pass |
| Pass | 7♣ | Pass | Pass |
| 7♣ | Pass | Pass | Pass |

West led the diamond king.

South had reasonable prospects of making seven hearts, since West's bidding suggested they be

did not have the heart king. But the declarer went slightly astray in the play.

After making the grand slam would have been easy after a club lead, but West led the diamond king. South won with the ace, finessed successfully in trumps, and had to make a crucial decision. He chose to run all his trumps and failed by one trick: East saved four spades, and West guarded the two minor suits.

West's bidding indicated possession of at least eight clubs; the diamond lead was no doubt from the king-queen combination; and he had produced the heart ten. Thus he could hardly have more than two spades.

So after taking the winning trump finesse, South should have ruffed his club loser and played three top spades to discard his remaining diamond. It was almost certainly that East would follow to three rounds of spades and that West would be unable to ruff. The danger of anyone ruffing the third round of spades was much less than the danger of East holding more than three spades.

If South had made his contract in this fashion, East would have been left wondering whether he could have confused the issue effectively by putting up the heart ace at the second trick, causing South to think that the remaining trump was a loser.

2-1 Over Boston

Rangers Stretch Win Streak to 6

ARLINGTON, Texas, May 1 (AP)—Pinch-hitter John Lowenstein's single off Boston relief ace Bill Campbell capped a two-run rally in the bottom of the ninth inning yesterday and gave the Texas Rangers a 2-1 victory over the Red Sox behind Ferguson Jenkins's four-hit pitching.

The Rangers stretched their winning streak to six games while the Red Sox dropped their fourth in a row.

Boston held a 1-0 lead behind Bill Lee entering the ninth. Then Bert Campaneris singled, was sacrificed to second by Al Oliver and came home with the tying run when Richie Zisk looped a double to right field. After Toby Harrah was intentionally walked, Lowenstein's hit scored pinch-runner Bobby Thompson.

Royals 3, Brewers 0

At Kansas City, Rich Gale, in his major league debut, scattered six hits in seven innings and pitched a Kansas City past Milwaukee, 3-0, with help from Steve Mingo.

Gale, called up from Omaha when Steve Busby was sent down, developed a blister on his throwing hand and was relieved by Mingo at the start of the eighth.

A's 2, Indians 1

At Oakland, Calif., Gary Alexander lined a home run into the left-field bleachers with two out in the ninth to give Oakland a 2-1 victory over Cleveland. Alexander's homer, his sixth, was only the fourth hit off Rick Wise and came with two strikes.

Blue Jays 9, Angels 3

At Anaheim, Calif., Roy Howell drove in three runs and Bob Bailor and Rico Carty added two each as Toronto, with a 16-hit attack, downed California, 9-3, behind the pitching of Jerry Garvin. Carty hit his sixth home run with Howell on base in the second inning, when the Blue Jays scored five runs off loser Chris Knapp.

At Bloomington, Minn., Chris Chambliss singled in Reggie Jackson with the tie-breaking run in the ninth and gave New York a 3-2 victory over Minnesota. Jackson beat out a dribbler between the mound and home plate to start the inning and continued to second when Twin reliever Mac Scarce threw wildly to first. Two pitches later, Chambliss lined his single to right.

At Seattle, second baseman Julio Cruz singled in Larry Milbourne.

Major League Standings

| Team | W | L | Pct. | GB |
|---------------|----|----|------|----|
| AL East | | | | |
| Baltimore | 10 | 7 | .588 | 0 |
| Texas | 11 | 9 | .550 | 2 |
| New York | 10 | 9 | .526 | 3 |
| Milwaukee | 9 | 11 | .455 | 5 |
| Cleveland | 8 | 11 | .421 | 6 |
| Toronto | 8 | 12 | .400 | 7 |
| AL West | | | | |
| Oakland | 14 | 5 | .737 | 0 |
| Kansas City | 14 | 7 | .667 | 2 |
| California | 10 | 10 | .500 | 5 |
| Texas | 9 | 10 | .476 | 6 |
| Chicago | 8 | 12 | .400 | 8 |
| Seattle | 8 | 13 | .385 | 9 |
| NL East | | | | |
| Philadelphia | 10 | 7 | .588 | 0 |
| San Francisco | 10 | 8 | .556 | 1 |
| Atlanta | 9 | 10 | .476 | 2 |
| Los Angeles | 8 | 11 | .421 | 3 |
| St. Louis | 8 | 12 | .400 | 4 |
| NL West | | | | |
| San Diego | 10 | 7 | .588 | 0 |
| Los Angeles | 10 | 8 | .556 | 1 |
| San Francisco | 9 | 10 | .476 | 2 |
| Arizona | 8 | 11 | .421 | 3 |
| Colorado | 7 | 12 | .368 | 4 |

Boyer Named Card Manager

From Wire Dispatches
ST. LOUIS, May 1—Ken Boyer, the former All-Star third baseman who was passed over once before when the St. Louis Cardinals were looking for a new manager, has landed the job.

Boyer was an outstanding infielder for 12 years with St. Louis and had been among the three top candidates when Red Schoendienst was let go after the 1976 season. But the Cardinals instead appointed Vern Rapp, a minor league manager at Denver.

Rapp's disciplinary temperament led to a stormy season last year and, when troubles with the players erupted last week, he was fired.

Boyer, 46, has been a minor league manager for 12 seasons. To show his disappointment with Rapp's selection, he left the Cardinals instead of accepting the job.

Boyer, whose 15-season major league career as a third baseman included a .287 lifetime batting mark, ended his playing career in 1969 with the Los Angeles Dodgers. He was the most valuable player in the league in 1964.

with the winning run in the 11th inning as Seattle edged Detroit, 4-3. Cruz's third hit of the day hung the loss on Tiger reliever Steve Foucault.

Orioles 8, White Sox 7

At Chicago, pinch hitter Gary Roenicke drew a bases-loaded walk in the eighth to force in a tie-breaking run and Ken Singleton drove in four more with a homer and single as Baltimore defeated Chicago, 8-7.

The Orioles thus completed a sweep of the three-game series and sent the White Sox to their 11th setback in 13 games.

Pirates 11, Padres 4

In the National League, at Philadelphia, Dave Johnson's pinch-hit grand slam homer in the fifth led Philadelphia to an 11-4 victory over San Diego. Johnson's fourth grand slam of his 11-year career came off Padre reliever Bob Shirley, who had replaced starter Randy Jones earlier in the inning.

Mets 6, Reds 4

At New York, George Foster's error on Doug Flynn's fourth-inning single let in the winning run as New York ended a six-game losing streak by beating Cincinnati, 6-4. Pat Zachry (3-0) won in his first start against his former teammates. Tom Hume (2-3) took the loss.

Giants 7, Pirates 3

At Pittsburgh, Willie McCovey and Marc Hill drove in two runs each to back the seven-hit pitching of Bob Knepper and lead San Francisco to a 7-3 victory over Pittsburgh. McCovey's two-run double down the left-field line gave the Giants a 2-0 lead in the first inning off losing pitcher Bert Blyleven.

Cardinals 4, Dodgers 0

At St. Louis, Ken Reitz hit a home run with one out in the seventh to snap a scoreless tie and trigger St. Louis to a 4-0 triumph over Los Angeles. The Dodgers' Don Sutton (2-2) had survived several early jams before the homer.

Cubs 7, Braves 5

At Atlanta, a two-run triple by Manny Trillo broke a tie in the eighth and gave Chicago a 7-5 victory over Atlanta. Trillo connected against Adrian Devine, the third Atlanta pitcher, to send home Bobby Murcer and Steve Ontiveros. Bruce Sutter (2-2) who came on in the seventh, picked up the victory.

Expos 2, Astros 1

At Houston, Andre Dawson hit a home run and Rudy May pitched a five-hitter for 8½ innings to lead Montreal to a 2-1 victory over Houston. Dawson hit his third home run of the year with one out in the fourth off loser Mark Lemongello to give the Expos a 1-0 lead. Montreal added a run in the seventh on a single by Ellie Valentine, a wild pitch and a two-out single by Chris Speier.

Bullets Beat 76ers in Semifinal Opener

PHILADELPHIA, May 1 (AP)—Elvin Hayes scored 9 of his 28 points in overtime yesterday as the Washington Bullets beat the Philadelphia 76ers, 122-117, in the opening game of their best-of-seven National Basketball Association eastern championship series.

Bob Dandridge sent the Bullets ahead less than a minute into the overtime period, 111-109, and Washington never trailed in taking away Philadelphia's homecourt advantage.

The Bullets led, 109-105, with 11 seconds remaining in regulation time, but Darryl Dawkins of Philadelphia stuffed a miss by Julius Erving with five seconds on the clock and Doug Collins hit a 21-foot jumper at the buzzer to send the game into overtime.

In addition to Hayes' 28, Kevin Grevey scored 26 and Dandridge 22 for the Bullets. Erving scored 25, and Lloyd Free 21 to lead the 76ers.

Bucks 119, Nuggets 91

At Milwaukee, Alex English's 21 points led balanced scoring, propelling Milwaukee to a 119-91 rout of Denver yesterday as the surging Bucks tied the playoff series at 3-3. The decisive game is to be played Wednesday in Denver.

The Bucks outscored the Nuggets, 27-4, to build a 19-point lead less than 3 minutes into the second period and Denver never recovered.

Sparked by a three-point play and two baskets inside by English, the Bucks three times opened 20-point margins early in the third quarter as the rattled Nuggets became disorganized at both ends of the court.

Trail Blazers 113, SuperSonics 89

At Seattle, Tom Owens scored 31 points — 23 in the first half — as Portland rolled to a 113-89 victory over Seattle yesterday. The Sonics lead the best-of-seven series, 3-2, with the next game tomorrow in Seattle.

The Sonics were never in the game. After Portland scored 14 straight points to take a 20-6 lead 9½ minutes into the game, Owens, starting in place of injured Bill Walton, scored 10 during that

spurt. Seattle never got closer than 10 points after that as the Blazers' tenacious defense forced 16 Seattle turnovers in the first 24 minutes of play.

Bullets 103, Spurs 100

On Friday, at Landover, Md., Hayes scored 25 points and helped



Gary Player shows his feelings after a birdie putt failed to drop for him in New Orleans.

4th Straight Title Escapes Player

NEW ORLEANS, May 1 (AP)—The magic finally ran out for Gary Player. His string of successes ended yesterday, when journeyman Lon Hinkle shot a 6-under-par 66 to win the New Orleans Open Golf Tournament.

After a chain of comebacks that brought him victories in the Masters, Tournament of Champions and Houston Open, Player missed in his quest to become the first man in 26 years to win four consecutive PGA Tour titles.

From a five-way tie for the lead after 54 holes, the 42-year-old South African shot an even-par 72 in the final round and finished tied for fifth at 277-11 under par but 6 shots behind Hinkle.

Player had predicted it would happen. He had bet local newsmen \$50 that he would be unable to win the final round. "To win in America, you must do everything well," he said. "And no one can just keep on doing everything well indefinitely. Golf won't let you. It's much too humbling a game."

Fades Quickly

Player, trailed by a large gallery, quickly dropped from the lead with a bogey on the first hole. He fell two strokes behind when Hinkle, Gibby Gilbert and Fuzzy Zoeller made their moves. And after bouncing his tee box a bogey on the ninth, he was three shots off the pace at the turn. He never caught up.

Hinkle, in a fight with Gilbert

Player, settled it with an approach shot that hit the flag on the 18th hole. He sunk a five-foot birdie putt that broke a three-way tie to secure his first title in six years on the tour.

Satisfied With Second

Gilbert and Zoeller, playing just ahead of Hinkle, tied for second at 277-16 under par — with matching 67s.

"That's as good as I can play," Gilbert said. "I'm not at all disappointed." Then, grinning, he added: "But when you're tied for the lead and shoot 67, you're supposed to win."

Player, Hinkle, Gilbert and Zoeller and Homero Blancas had entered the final round tied for first. Blancas faded to a 78 and a 283.

Grier Jones was fourth with a 274. Player, Bob Murphy, Cal Peete and rookie D.A. Weir were another 3 strokes back. Watson finished at 283 and Lee Trevino shot a 281.

Snead Team Wins

AUSTIN, Texas, May 1 (AP)—Sam Snead birdied the last three holes to give him and Gardner Dickinson a 1-shot victory in the \$400,000 Legends of Golf Tournament.

Snead and Dickinson shot a final round of 4-under-par 68 for a final 54-hole total of 193-17 under par. Ken Nagle and Peter Thomson took second place with a 6-under-par 64, finishing 16 under par at 194.

The teams of Julius Boros and Roberto de Vicenzo and Cary Middlecott and Bob Rosburg tied with 13-under-par totals of 197. Boros and Vicenzo shot a final round 68, while Middlecott-Rosburg closed with a 66.

NHL Playoffs

| Quarterfinals | W | L | GF | GA |
|--------------------|---|---|----|----|
| Toronto | 4 | 2 | 13 | 12 |
| New York Islanders | 3 | 4 | 13 | 16 |

Toronto wins series 4-3. Seaside's Game.

Toronto 2, New York 1, OT

Transactions

OAKLAND A's—Placed Tom Armas, outfielder, on the 15-day disabled list. Recalled Larry Murray, outfielder, from Vancouver of the Pacific Coast League.

TORONTO BLUE JAYS—Placed Don Kershwood, pitcher, on the 15-day disabled list. Recalled Dave Wallace, pitcher, from Syracuse of the International League.

Nordiques, Whalers Even

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., May 1 (AP)—Steve Sutherland's goal with 3:37 remaining lifted the Quebec Nordiques to a 3-2 victory over the New England Whalers last night and evened their World Hockey Association best-of-seven semifinal series at one game apiece.

Center Bob Fitchner picked up a loose puck to the left of the New England cage and centered a pass to Sutherland, who lifted in the winning goal. New England had tied the game midway through the final period when Danny Bolduc

Bucks 117, Nuggets 112

At Denver, also on Friday, rookie forward Marques Johnson scored a game-high 34 points and teamed with guard Brian Winters in a 39-point fourth-quarter rally that led Milwaukee to a 117-112 victory over Denver.

Winters, who was held to only two points in the first half, finished with 23, including 13 in the final period when the Bucks outscored Denver, 39-26. Johnson had 12 of his points in the fourth quarter.

NFL Begins Its College Draft Today

NEW YORK, May 1 (UPI)—Earl Campbell of Texas officially becomes a member of the Houston Oilers and 334 other college football players learn their new teams tomorrow and Wednesday when the National Football League holds its annual college player draft.

The Oilers earned the right last week to select first and choose Campbell when they dealt tight end Jimmy Giles along with their first and second draft choices this year and their third and fifth choices next year to Tampa Bay. The Buccaneers finished tied with Kansas City for the worst record in the NFL (2-12) and were awarded the top pick since their opponents last season had a lower winning percentage (.490) than the Chiefs' (.607).

There will be 12 rounds and 335 players will be selected over two days, with Seattle already having used its fourth-round pick by selecting a Notre Dame running back, Art Hunter, in a special supplemental draft last season.

Clubs will have 15 minutes to make selections during the first two rounds and five minutes for each choice for the next 10 rounds. Cincinnati has the most choices, 18, including two on the first round, 14. San Diego; 15. St. Louis; 16. Cincinnati; 17. Tampa Bay (from

Houston); 18. New England; 19. St. Louis (from Washington); 20. Cleveland (from Chicago); 21. Minnesota; 22. Pittsburgh (from Los Angeles); 24. San Francisco (from Miami); 25. Baltimore; 26. Green Bay (from Oakland); 27. Denver; 28. Dallas.

Running Backs Favored

The 5-foot-11-inch, 225-pound Campbell, who led the major colleges in scoring, rushing and all-purpose running, is the biggest name of a highly regarded group of running backs who should be gone in the first eight picks.

Kansas City has indicated it most likely will take Art Still, the 6-7, 245-pound defensive tackle from Kentucky, and New Orleans is interested in offensive line help and probably will select either 6-5, 255-pound tackle Gordon King of Stanford or 6-2, 275-pound tackle Chris Ward of Ohio State.

The Jets want an outside running threat and most likely will take Oklahoma State's Terry Miller, the runner-up to Campbell in the Heisman balloting.

Buffalo and Green Bay are also interested in running help and probably will draft Oklahoma's Elvis Peacock and Alabama's Johnny Davis. San Francisco, looking for line help, most likely will take Ward or King, and after that it's pretty wide open.



Tim Nordbrook of Milwaukee spills over George Brett of Kansas City at second base. Brett, last season's batting champion, was injured on the play and will be out at least until May 12.

Friday, Saturday, Sunday Line Scores

| Day | Game | Score |
|----------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Friday | San Francisco 200 000 000-5 11 0 | 200 000 000-4 12 2 |
| Saturday | San Francisco 200 000 000-5 11 0 | 200 000 000-4 12 2 |
| Sunday | San Francisco 200 000 000-5 11 0 | 200 000 000-4 12 2 |

Bostock, at .147 As April Ends, To Give Up Pay

ANAHEIM, Calif., May 1 (AP)—Man Bostock has apparently decided to make good on his vow not to accept an April pay check because of his subpar performance.

Bostock, who signed with the California Angels as a free agent during the off-season after hitting .36 with the Minnesota Twins last year, had only 2 hits in his first 39 batters this year. He said at that time that he would not accept his salary for the month of April if his performance did not improve.

The Angels' owner, Gene Autry, said he did not want Bostock's money, so the 27-year-old outfielder indicated he would donate it to various charities.

"I'm definitely going to give my April salary up," said Bostock. "I don't feel like I've done enough in the month."

Bostock, whose annual salary is reported to be \$450,000, finished April with 11 hits in 75 at-bats for a .147 average with no home runs and 5 runs batted in.

